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GENERAL INFORMATION

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GENERAL GUIDE LINES AND PRECAUTIONS

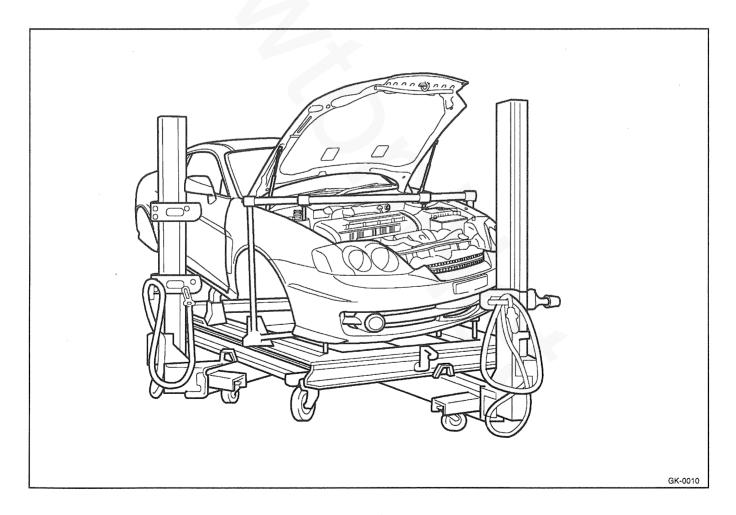
The Hyundai TIBURON/COUPE is a completely new vehicle design. During its development, close attention has been given to safety, stability, weight and corrosion protection. Typical of unit body design, the Hyundai TIBURON/COUPE is designed so that the front and rear compartments will absorb much of the collision energy so that the passengers are better protected. During collisions, these front and rear energy absorbing systems may be severely damaged. During repair, these damaged areas must be returned to their original strength and geometry. If this is not properly done, the vehicle will not provide the intended level of protection to its occupants in the event of another collision.

The repairs described in this manual were performed on TIBURON/COUPE body shells. In some instances special fixtures were welded in place to support the structure. During the repair of an actual vehicle, the interior would be fully disassembled and standard jack screws or portable braces may be used for temporary support.

During the repair of an accident involved vehicle, the vehicle must first be returned to pre-impact dimensions prior to beginning the sectioning repair procedures. The extent of damage that must be repaired should then be evaluated to determine the appropriate repair procedures. This manual provides locations and procedures where structural sectioning may be employed. It is the responsibility of the repair technician, based upon the extent of damage, to determine which location and procedure is suitable for the particular damaged vehicle.

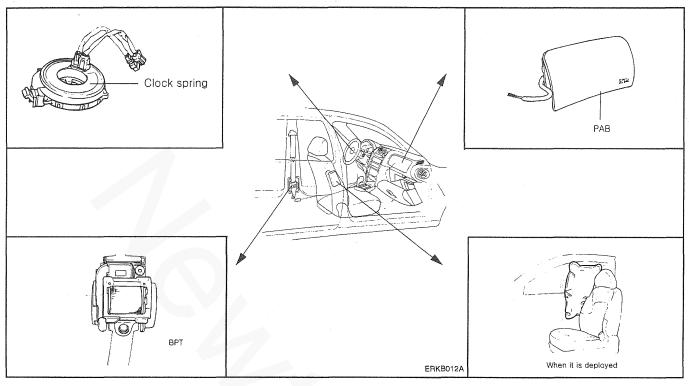
During the repair of a collision damaged automobile, it is impossible to fully duplicate the methods used in the factory during the vehicle manufacture. Therefore, auto body repair techniques have been developed to provide a repair that has strength properties equivalent to those of the original design and manufacture.

Certain guidelines and precaution are noted as follows.



SRS AIRBAG

SYSTEM COMPONENT



The Hyundai TIBURON/COUPE is equipped with a Supplemental Restraint System (AIRBAG) to provide the vehicle's driver and/or the front passenger with additional protection than that offered by the seat-belt system alone, in case of a frontal or lateral impact of sufficient severity.

When handling airbag components (removal, installation or inspection, etc.), always follow the directions given in the repair manual for the relevant model to prevent the occurrence of accidents and airbag malfunction.

Also take the following precautions when repairing the body:

- 1. Work must be started after approximately 30 seconds or longer from the time the ignition switch is turned to the LOCK position and the negative (-) terminal cable is disconnected from the battery. (The airbag system is equipped with a back-up power source so that if work is started within 30 seconds of disconnecting the negative (-) terminal cable of the battery, the airbag may be deployed.)

 When the negative(-) terminal cable is disconnected from the battery, memory of the clock and audio systems will be cancelled. So before starting work, make a record of the contents memorized by the audio memory system. Then when work is finished, reset the audio system as before and adjust the clock.
- 2. When using electric welding, first disconnect the SRSCM connectors under the lower crash pad center.
- 3. Store the airbag module where the ambient temperature remains below 80°C (176°F), without high humidity and away from electrical noise.
- 4. WARNING/CAUTION labels are attached to the periphery of the airbag components. Refer to the TIBURON/COUPE SHOP MANUAL.

ELECTRONIC PARTS

Vehicles today include a great many electronic parts and components, and these are in general very susceptible to adverse effects caused by over current, reverse current, electromagnetic waves, high temperature, high humidity impacts, etc..

In particular such electronic components can be damaged if there is a large current flow during welding from the body side.

Therefore, take the following precautions during body repair to prevent damage to the CONTROL MODULES (ECM, TCM, ABS CM, SRS CM, etc.)

- 1. Before removing and inspecting the electrical parts or before starting electric welding operations, disconnect the negative (-) terminal cable from the battery.
- 2. Do not expose the CONTROL MODULES to ambient temperatures above 80°C (176°F).

NOTE

If it is possible the ambient temperatures may reach 80°C (176°F) or more, remove the CONTROL MODULES from the vehicle before starting work.

3. Be careful not to drop the CONTROL MODULES and not to apply physical shocks to them.

CORROSION PROTECTION AND SEALING

Proper corrosion protection and sealing is an important part of any repair. When reviewing these repair procedures, it is important to recognize the need for corrosion restoration to provide for long term strength of the repaired member.

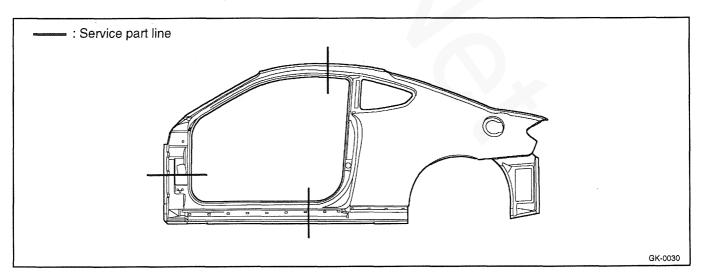
A two part epoxy primer was applied to the metal surfaces during the latter part of the repair. For closed sections, such as front and rear rails, rocker panels and pillars, the primer is applied without applying the metal conditioner and the conversion coating. These steps are omitted to insure that no rinse water is trapped in the closed sections. The primer application is followed by an application of an oil or wax based on rust proofing material.

After the corrosion restoration process for the closed sections are completed, then the process can be applied to all exterior sections. For exterior surfaces, both metal conditioner and conversion coating treatments are applied to the exterior surface prior to application of the epoxy primer. The procedure in applying the corrosion restoration process is important in order to insure that moisture, due to the water rinsing of the metal conditioner and conversion coating is not inadvertently trapped inside any closed section before the epoxy primer and rust proofing materials have been applied.

Appropriate seam sealers are then applied to all joints. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for the appropriate type of seam sealer to be used at each seam or joint.

SIDE BODY PANELS

The side body panel for TIBURON/COUPE is designed and stamped as single piece of sheet metal in factory as shown in the figure. While the entire side panel is available for service, the partial panels sectioned by several damaged areas are also available. Therefore when repairing side body, refer to "Replacement parts section" of this manual to select and use the appropriate part.



WELDING

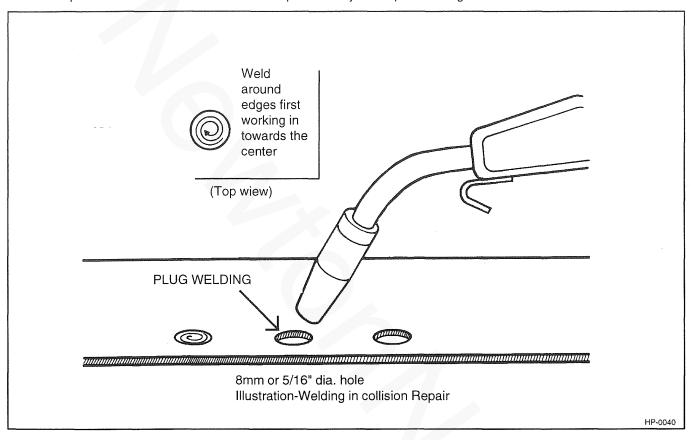
All repairs in this manual require the use of a Metal-Inert Gas (MIG) welder, Gas (oxyacetylene) welding must not be used.

Both high strength steel and mild steel can be welded using the MIG welder. The I-CAR recommendations for welding should be followed. The shielding gas should be 75% Argon and 25% CO₂.

The recommended welding wire size is 0.23" and the wire should satisfy the American Welding Society Standard code AWSER70S-6.

During the repair process, plug welds are used to duplicate original factory spot welds. All plug welds should be done with the MIG welder. An 8 mm (5/16") hole is placed in the top (welding side) sheet metal.

You then begin welding along the edges and the spiral towards the center (see illustration). This is important so that weld penetration between the two metal pieces may take place along the circumference of the circle.



SAFETY FACTORS

Disconnect the negative(-) battery cable before performing any work on the vehicle.

Protect yourself by wearing goggles, earplugs, respirators, gloves, safety shoes, caps, etc. when working on a vehicle.

Safely support the vehicle before any work is done. Block the front or rear wheels if the vehicle is not lifted off of the ground.

Cap or remove the fuel tank when working on the rear section of the car.

Insure proper ventilation of your working area. Some paint and sealant can generate toxic gases when heated. Use an air chisel or saw to remove damaged panels instead of a gas torch.

Observe all local and national safety regulations when performing any work.

Cover interior with heat-resistant cover to insure safety when welding.

Take care when using gas or cutting torches so as not to burn body sealer or interior. Extinguish immediately if they should catch fire.

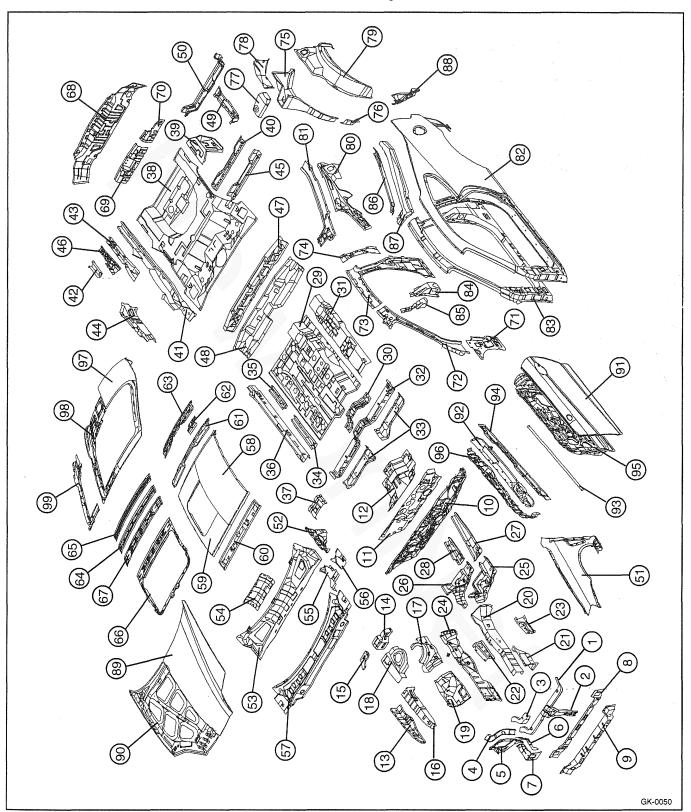


BODY CONSTRUCTION



BODY COMPONENTS

Body construction will sometimes differ depending on specifications and country of destination. Therefore, please keep in mind that the information contained herein is based on vehicles for general destination.



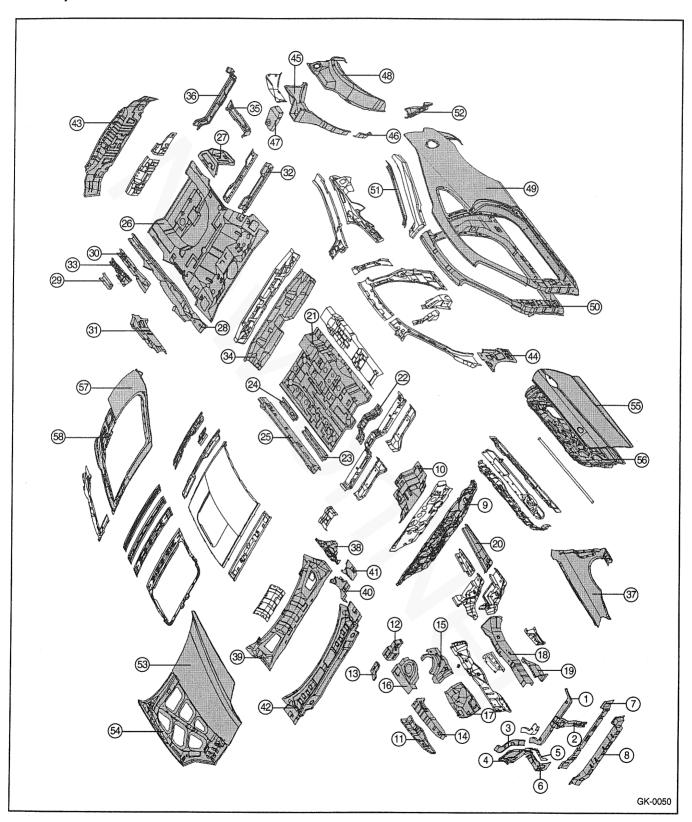
BODY CONSTRUCTION - Body components

- 1. Radiator support upper center member
- 2. Radiator support center member
- 3. Radiator upper mounting bracket
- 4. Radiator support upper side member
- 5. Head lamp support panel
- 6. Head lamp support gusset
- 7. Front shipping hook bracket
- 8. Radiator support lower inner member
- 9. Radiator support lower outer member
- 10. Dash panel
- 11. Dash panel reinforcement
- 12. Dash lower member
- 13. Fender apron upper outer panel
- 14. Fender apron inner rear upper extension
- 15. Fender apron inner rear lower extension
- 16. Fender apron upper inner panel
- 17. Front shock absorber housing panel
- 18. Front shock absorber housing upper panel
- 19. Fender apron inner front panel
- 20. Front side inner member
- 21. Front side member inner gusset
- 22. Engine mounting reinforcement
- 23. Transmission mounting reinforcement
- 24. Front side outer member
- 25. Front side rear lower member
- 26. Front side rear upper member
- 27. Front side member rear lower extension
- 28. Front side member lower reinforcement
- 29. Center floor panel
- 30. Muffler hanger mounting bracket
- 31. Center floor reinforcement
- 32. Front seat cross member
- 33. Front seat cross No.2 member
- 34. Center floor side member
- 35. Center floor side member reinforcement
- 36. Side sill inner panel
- 37. Parking brake lever rear mounting reinforcement
- 38. Rear floor panel
- 39. Rear floor side panel
- 40. Rear floor center cross upper
- 41. Rear floor side member
- 42. Rear bumper mounting reinforcement
- 43. Rear floor side member center reinforcement
- 44. Side sill inner rear panel
- 45. Rear floor center cross member
- 46. Rear floor side member front reinforcement
- 47. Rear floor front extension
- 48. Rear floor front cross member
- 49. Jack up cross center member
- 50. Jack up cross rear member

- 51. Fender panel
- 52. Cowl side upper panel
- 53. Cowl inner lower panel
- 54. Cowl inner lower reinforcement
- 55. Cowl side upper inner panel
- 56. Hood hinge mounting reinforcement
- 57. Cowl top outer panel
- 58. Roof panel
- 59. Roof panel(sun roof)
- 60. Roof front lower
- 61. Roof rear upper rail
- 62. Tail gate hinge mounting reinforcement
- 63. Roof rear lower rail
- 64. Roof center rail
- 65. Roof center rail No.2
- 66. Sun roof ring reinforcement
- 67. Sun roof rear lower reinforcement
- 68. Back panel
- 69. Rear transverse member
- 70. Rear transverse side extension
- 71. Front inner lower pillar
- 72. Front inner upper pillar
- 73. Center pillar inner panel
- 74. Front seat belt upper mounting bracket
- 75. Wheel housing inner panel
- 76. Wheel housing inner front extension
- 77. Rear spring housing cover
- 78. Wheel housing inner rear cover
- 79. Quarter inner panel
- 80. Quarter inner reinforcement
- 81. Quarter inner upper panel
- 82. Side outer panel
- 83. Side outer reinforcement
- 84. Front door striker reinforcement
- 85. Front door striker upper reinforcement
- 86. Side outer rear upper extension
- 87. Quarter outer upper reinforcement
- 88. Rear combination lamp housing panel
- 89. Hood outer panel
- 90. Hood inner rail
- 91. Door outer panel
- 92. Door belt outer rail
- 93. Door reinforcement beam
- 94. Door upper member
- 95. Door inner panel
- 96. Door belt inner rail
- 97. Tail gate outer panel
- 98. Tail gate inner panel
- 99. Tail gate side reinforcement

ZINC - GALVANIZED STEEL PANELS

Because galvanized steel panel has excellent resistance, it is used in areas which have a high possibility of painting deficiency below



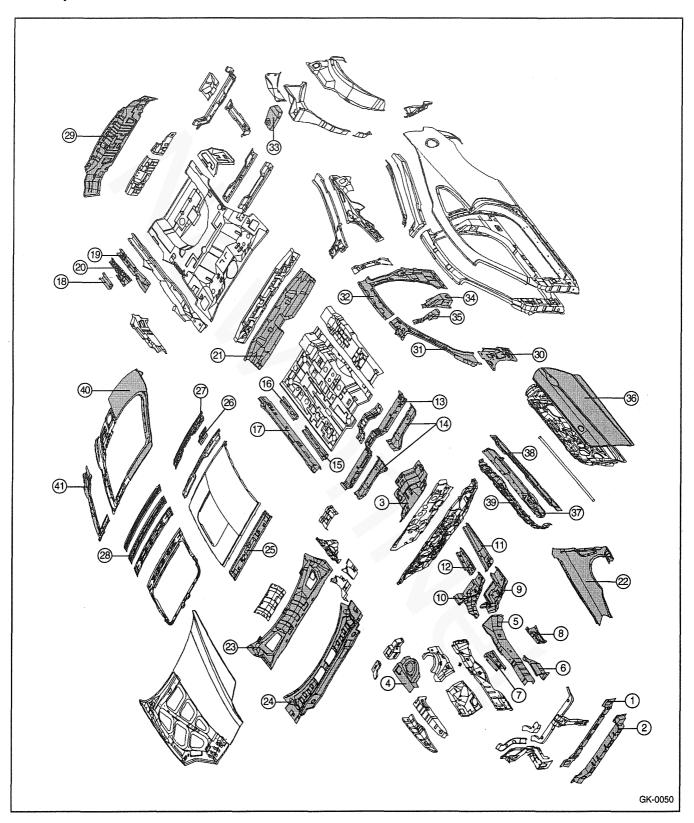
BODY CONSTRUCTION - Zinc-galvanized steel panels

- 1. Radiator support upper center member
- 2. Radiator support center member
- 3. Radiator support upper side member
- 4. Head lamp support panel
- 5. Head lamp support gusset
- 6. Front shipping hook bracket
- 7. Radiator support lower inner member
- 8. Radiator support lower outer member
- 9. Dash panel
- 10. Dash lower member
- 11. Fender apron upper outer panel
- 12. Fender apron inner rear upper extension
- 13. Fender apron inner rear lower extension
- 14. Fender apron upper inner panel
- 15. Front shock absorber housing panel
- 16. Front shock absorber housing upper panel
- 17. Fender apron inner front panel
- 18. Front side inner member
- 19. Front side member inner gusset
- 20. Front side member rear lower extension
- 21. Center floor panel
- 22. Muffler hanger mounting bracket
- 23. Center floor side member
- 24. Center floor side member reinforcement
- 25. Side sill inner panel
- 26. Rear floor panel
- 27. Rear floor side panel
- 28. Rear floor side member
- 29. Rear bumper mounting reinforcement

- 30. Rear floor side member center reinforcement
- 31. Side sill inner rear panel
- 32. Rear floor center cross member
- 33. Rear floor side member front reinforcement
- 34. Rear floor front cross member
- 35. Jack up cross center member
- 36. Jack up cross rear member
- 37. Fender panel
- 38. Cowl side upper panel
- 39. Cowl inner lower panel
- 40. Cowl side upper inner panel
- 41. Hood hinge mounting reinforcement
- 42. Cowl top outer panel
- 43. Back panel
- 44. Front inner lower pillar
- 45. Wheel housing inner panel
- 46. Wheel housing inner front extension
- 47. Rear spring housing cover
- 48. Quarter inner panel
- 49. Side outer panel
- 50. Side outer reinforcement
- 51. Side outer rear upper extension
- 52. Rear combination lamp housing panel
- 53. Hood outer panel
- 54. Hood inner rail
- 55. Door outer panel
- 56. Door inner panel
- 57. Tail gate outer panel
- 58. Tail gate inner panel

HIGH STRENGTH STEEL PANELS

Because High strength steel panel has excellent resistance, it is used in areas which have a high possibility of painting deficiency below

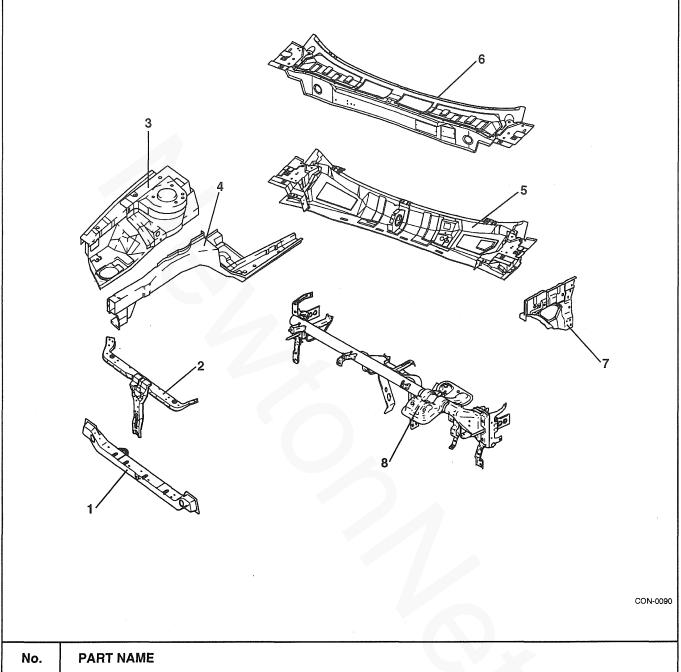


BODY CONSTRUCTION - High-strength steel panels

- 1. Radiator support lower inner member
- 2. Radiator support lower outer member
- 3. Dash lower member
- 4. Front shock absorber housing upper panel
- 5. Front side inner member
- 6. Front side member inner gusset
- 7. Engine mounting reinforcement
- 8. Transmission mounting reinforcement
- 9. Front side rear lower member
- 10. Front side rear upper member
- 11. Front side member rear lower extension
- 12. Front side member lower reinforcement
- 13. Front seat cross member
- 14. Front seat cross No. 2 member
- 15. Center floor side member
- 16. Center floor side member reinforcement
- 17. Side sill inner panel
- 18. Rear bumper mounting reinforcement
- 19. Rear floor side member center reinforcment
- 20. Rear floor side member front reinforcement
- 21. Rear floor front cross member
- 22. Fender panel

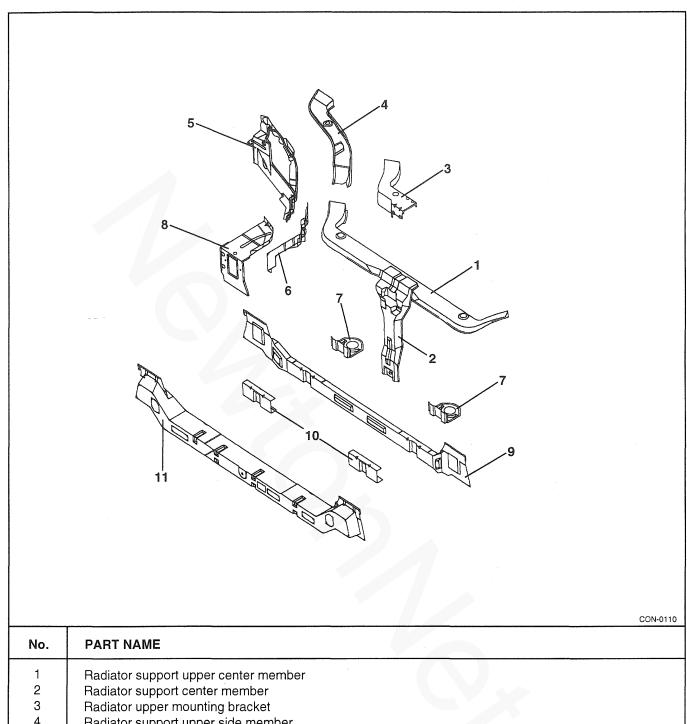
- 23. Cowl inner lower panel
- 24. Cowl top outer panel
- 25. Roof front lower
- 26. Tail gate hinge mounting reinforcement
- 27. Roof rear lower rail
- 28. Roof center rail
- 29. Back panel
- 30. Front inner lower pillar
- 31. Front inner upper pillar
- 32. Center pillar inner panel
- 33. Rear spring housing cover
- 34. Front door striker reinforcement
- 35. Front door striker upper reinforcement
- 36. Door outer panel
- 37. Door belt outer rail
- 38. Door upper member
- 39. Door belt inner rail
- 40. Tail gate outer panel
- 41. Tail gate side reinforcement

FRONT BODY

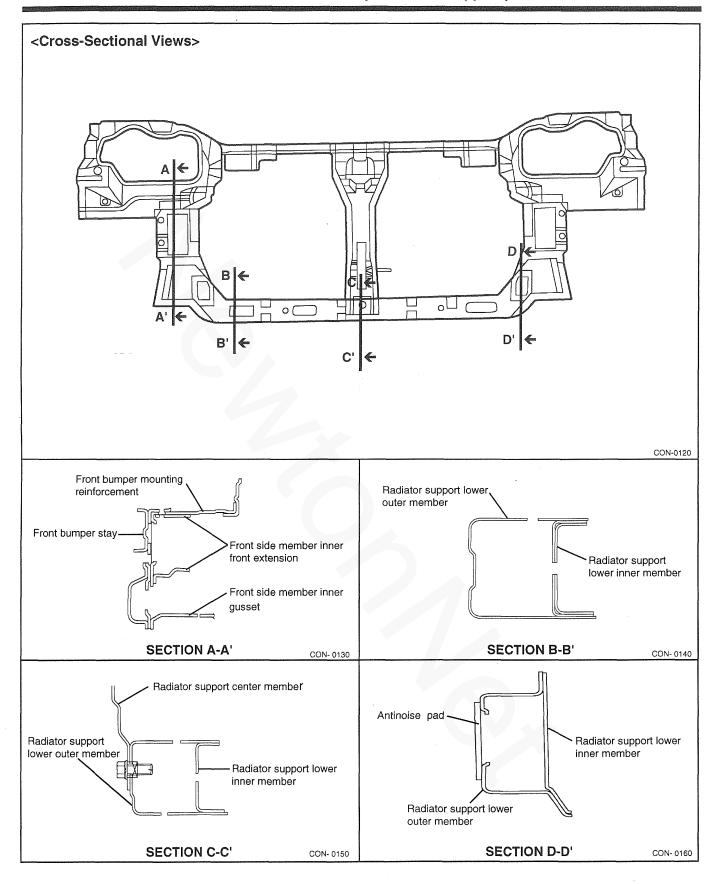


No.	PART NAME	
1	Radiator support panel complete	
2	Radiator support center complete member assembly	
3	Fender apron panel assembly,	LH/RH
4	Front side member assembly,	LH/RH
5	Cowl side outer panel assembly	
6	Cowl panel inner lower panel assembly	
7	Dash panel cower side outer upper panel,	LH/RH
8	Cowl cross bar assembly	

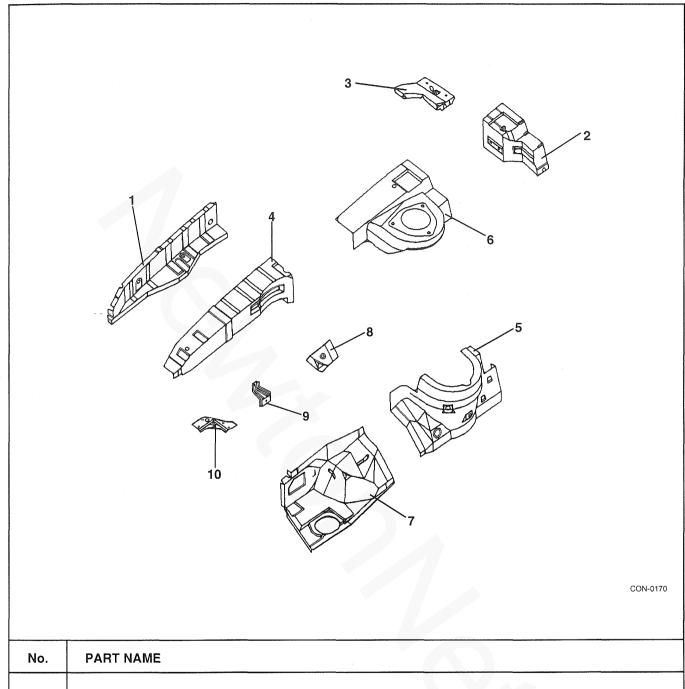
1. RADIATOR SUPPORT PANEL



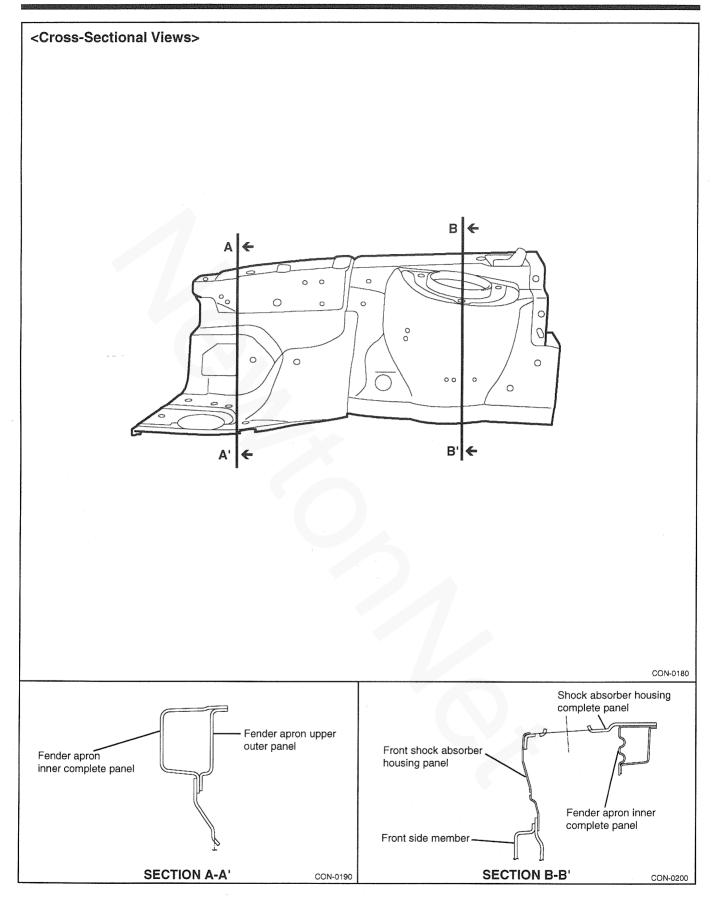
No.	PART NAME
1	Radiator support upper center member
2	Radiator support center member
3	Radiator upper mounting bracket
4	Radiator support upper side member
5	Head lamp support panel
6	Head lamp support gusset
7	Radiator lower mounting bracket
8	Front shipping hook bracket
9	Radiator support lower inner member
10	Radiator lower mounting reinforcement
11	Radiator support lower outer member



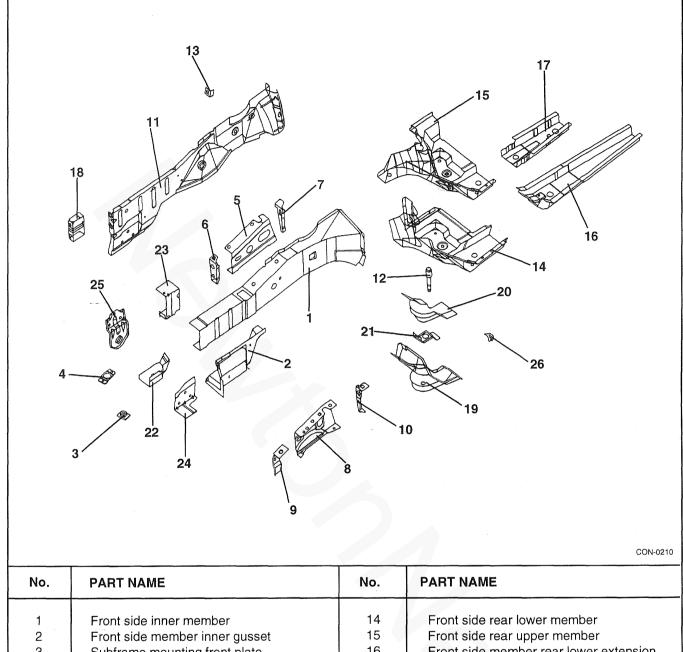
2. FENDER APRON PANEL



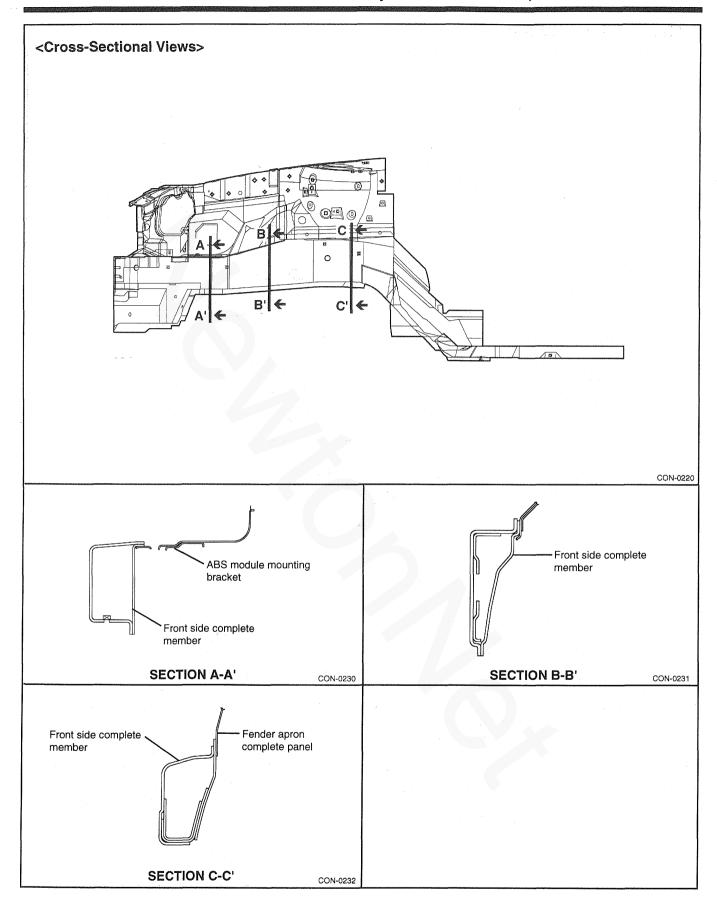
No.	PART NAME
1	Fender apron upper outer panel
2	Fender apron inner rear upper extension
3	Fender apron inner rear lower extension
4	Fender apron upper inner panel
5	Front shock absorber housing panel
6	Front shock absorber housing upper panel
7	Fender apron inner front panel
8	Engine stay mounting bracket
9	Fender mounting bracket
10	ABS module mounting bracket



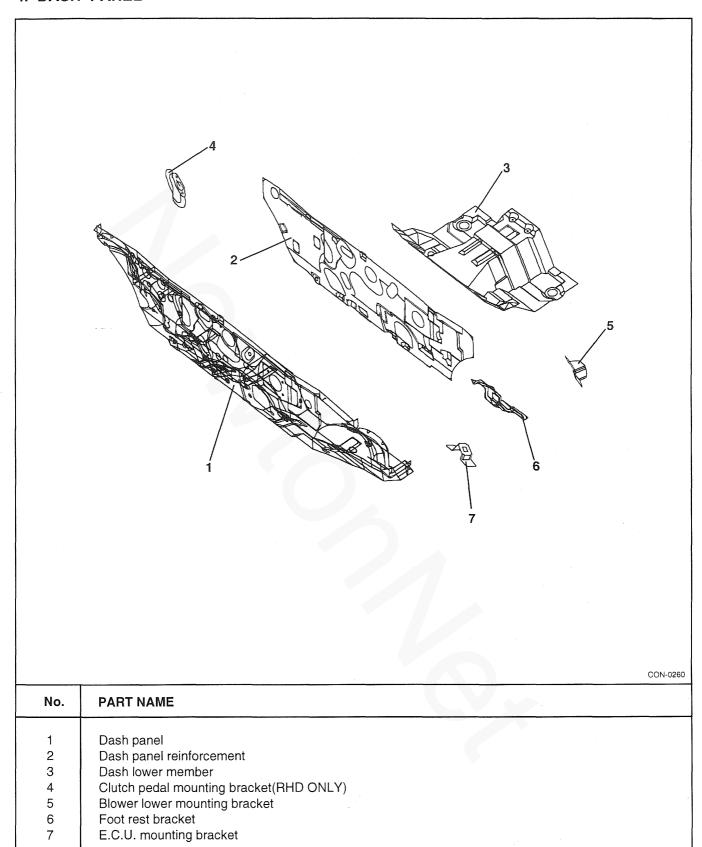
3. FRONT SIDE MEMBER

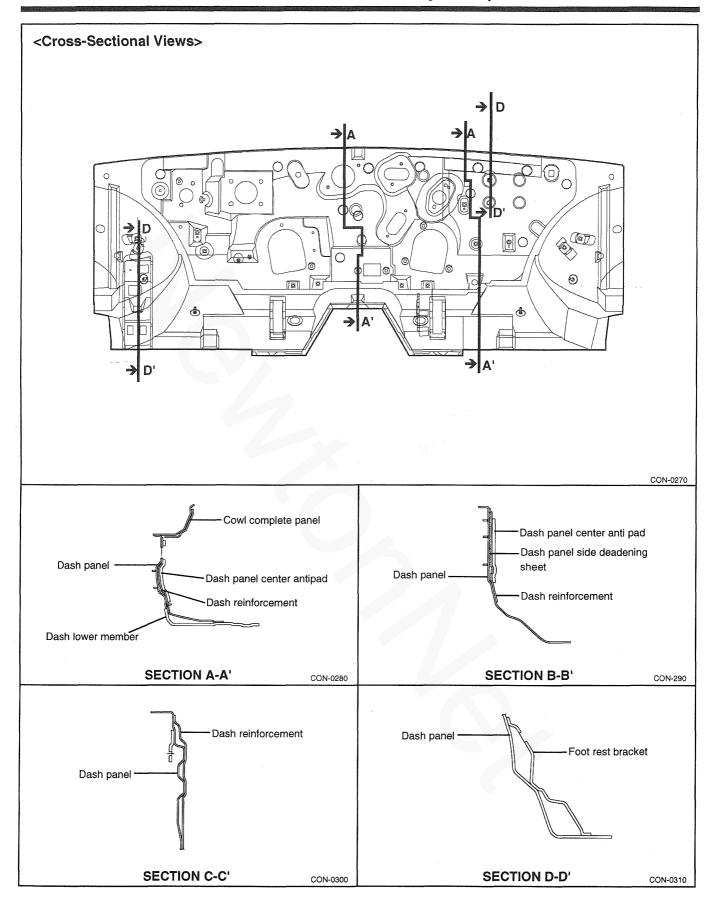


No.	PART NAME	No.	PART NAME
1	Front side inner member	14	Front side rear lower member
2	Front side member inner gusset	15	Front side rear upper member
3	Subframe mounting front plate	, 16	Front side member rear lower extension
4	Subframe mounting front support	17	Front side member lower reinforcement
5	Engine mounting reinforcement	18	Front back beam mounting bracket
6	Engine mounting front bracket	19	Subframe rear mounting bracket
7	Engine mounting rear bracket	20	Subframe rear mounting reinforcement
8	Transmission mounting reinforcement	21	Subframe rear mounting support
9	Transmission mounting front bracket	22	Subframe front mounting bracket
10	Transmission mounting rear bracket	23	Front side member inner front extension
11	Front side outer member	24	Front side member outer front extension
12	Subframe mounting stud bolt	25	Front tie down hook
13	Brake hose mounting bracket	26	Undercover mounting bracket

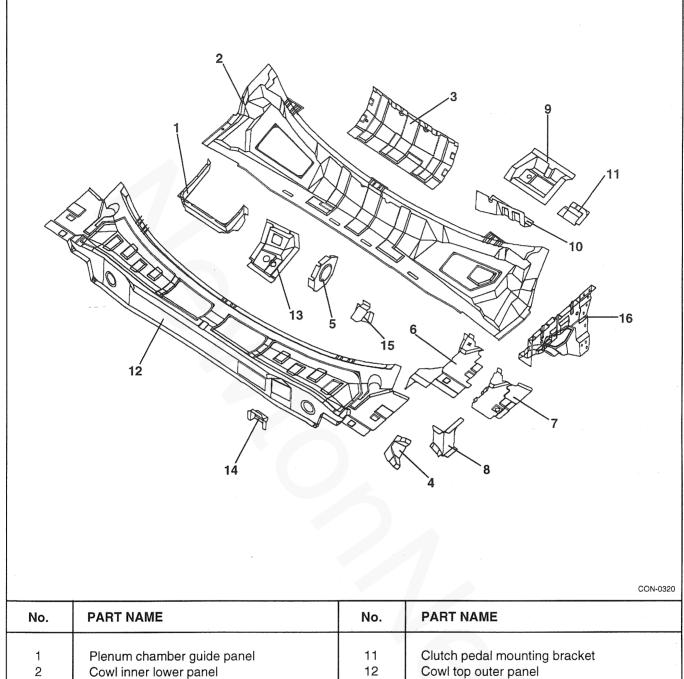


4. DASH PANEL

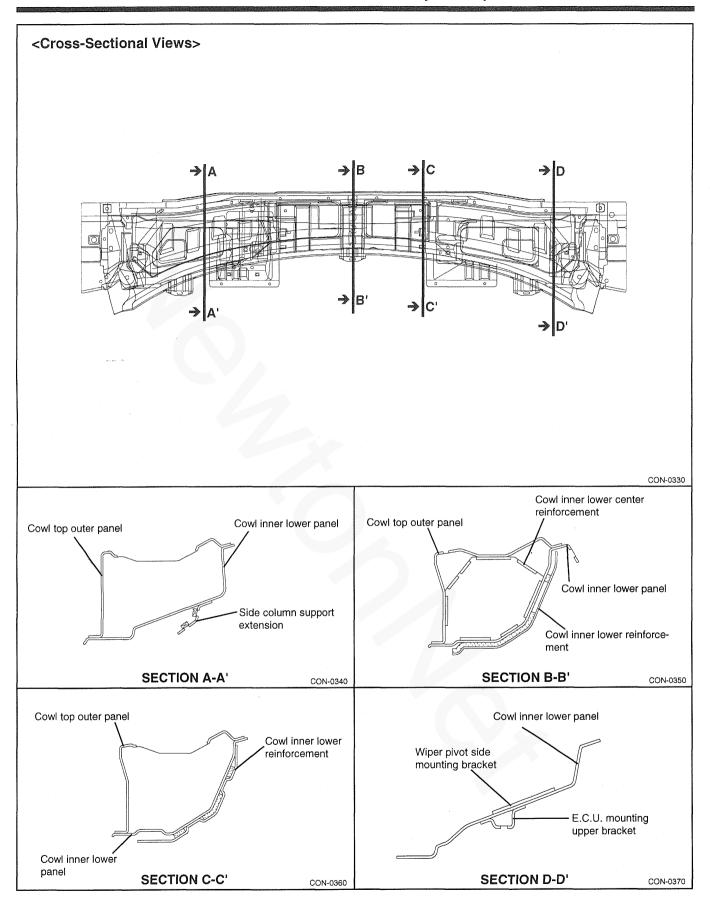




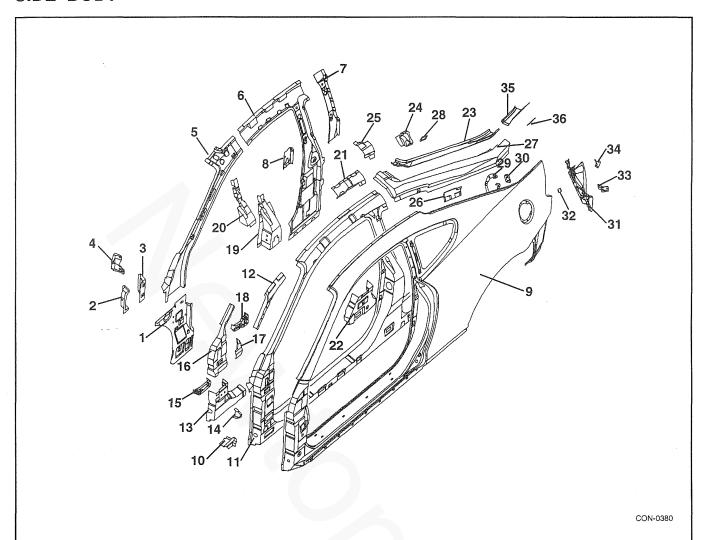
5. COWL PANEL



No.	PART NAME	No.	PART NAME
1	Plenum chamber guide panel	1 11	Clutch pedal mounting bracket
2	Cowl inner lower panel	12	Cowl top outer panel
3	Cowl inner lower reinforcement	13	Wiper mounting side reinforcement
4	Wiper pivot side mounting bracket	14	Wiper motor mounting bracket
5	Cowl inner lower center reinforcement	15	Wiper pivot center mounting bracket
6	Cowl side upper inner panel	16	Cowl side upper inner panel
7	Hood hinge mounting reinforcement		
8	Hood hinge mounting support		
9	Side column upper support extension		
10	Side column lower support extension		

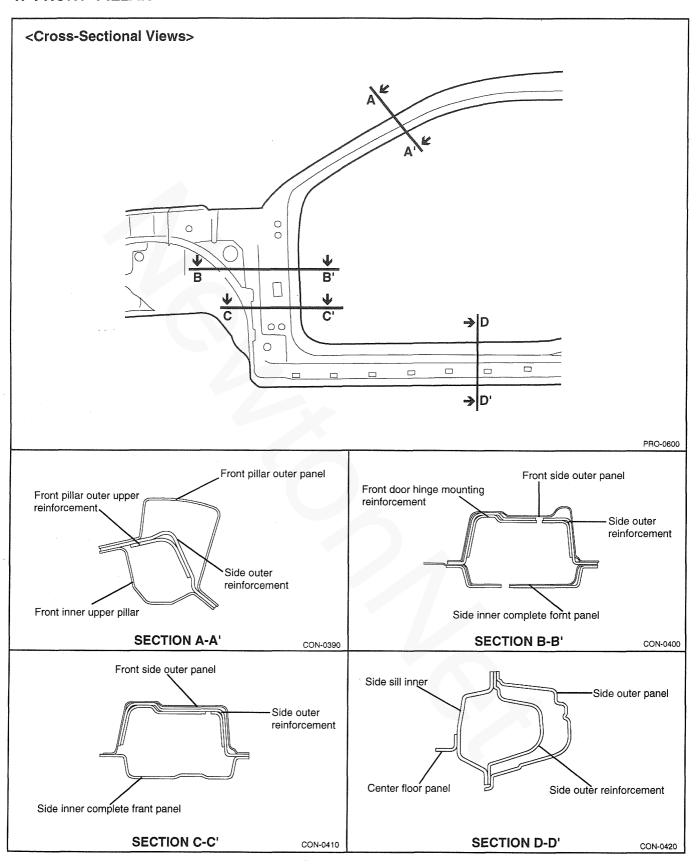


SIDE BODY

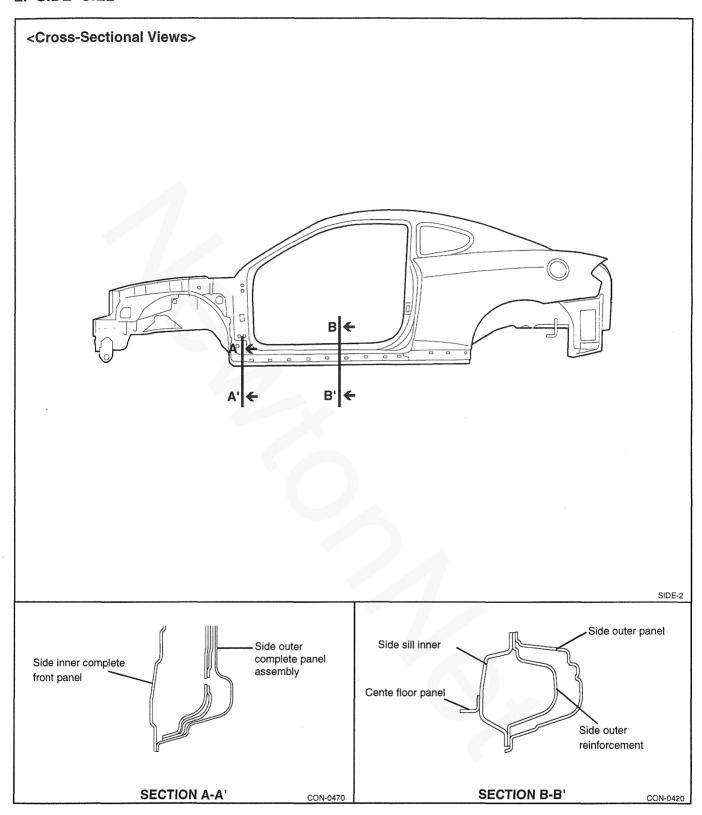


No.	PART NAME	No.	PART NAME
1	Front inner lower pillar	18	Front door upper hinge extension
2	Cowl center member mounting front bracket	19	Front door striker reinforcement
3	Cowl center member mounting rear bracket	20	Front door striker upper reinforcement
4	Cowl center member mounting bracket	21	Side outer rear upper feinforcement
5	Front inner upper pillar	22	Side outer rear filler
6	Center pillar inner panel	23	Side outer rear upper extension
7	Front seat belt upper mounting bracket	24	Quarter outer front reinforcement
8	Seat belt upper mounting reinforcement	25	Quarter outer upper filler
9	Side outer panel	26	Quarter outer lower reinforcement
10	Fender mounting bracket	27	Quarter outer upper reinforcement
11	Side outer reinforcement	28	Tail gate gas lift mounting bracket
12	Front pillar outer upper reinforcement	29	Fuel filler housing mounting plate
13	Front door hinge mounting lower	30	Fuel filler housing catch mounting bracket
	reinforcement	31	Rear combi lamp housing panel
14	Front pillar lower gusset	32	Connector mounting bracket
15	Front door lower hinge extension	33	Rear bumper side mounting bracket
16	Front door hinge mounting upper	34	Rear bumper mounting bracket
	reinforcement	35	Side outer rear extension
17	Front door checker reinforcement	36	Tail gate guide bumper mounting bracket

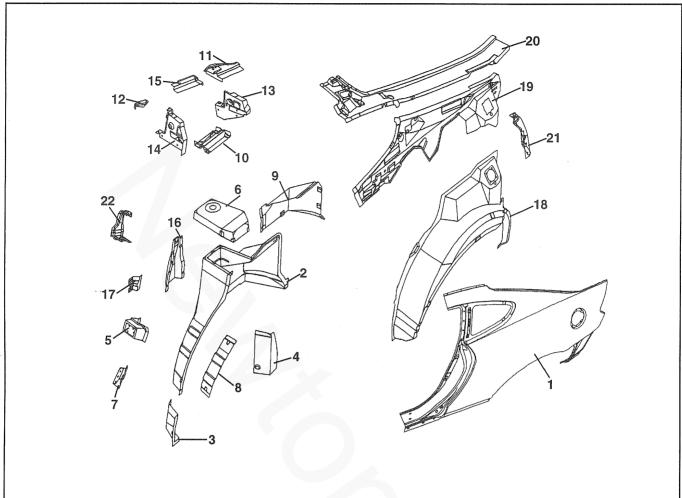
1. FRONT PILLAR



2. SIDE SILL

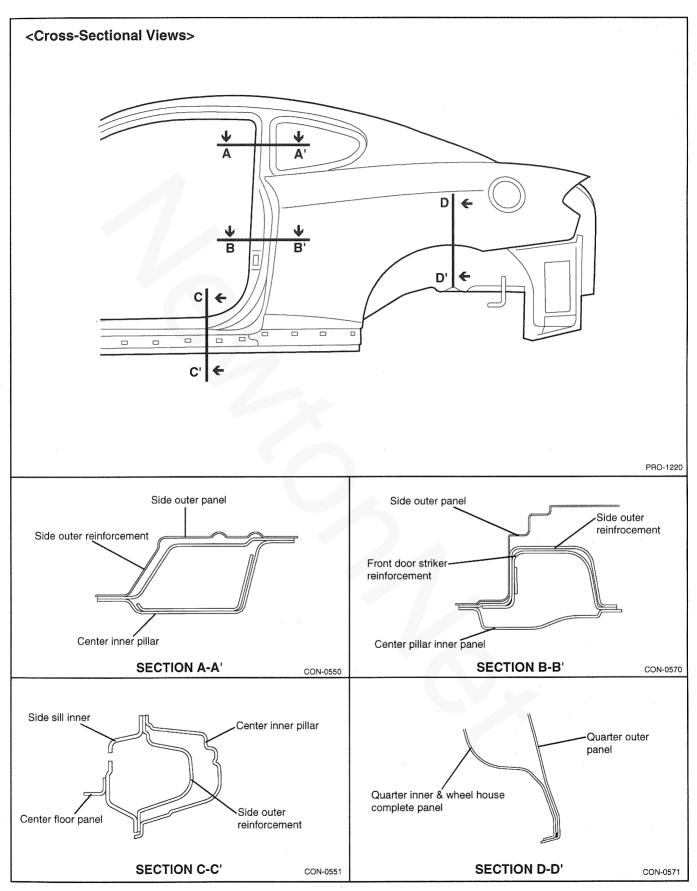


3. QUARTER PANEL



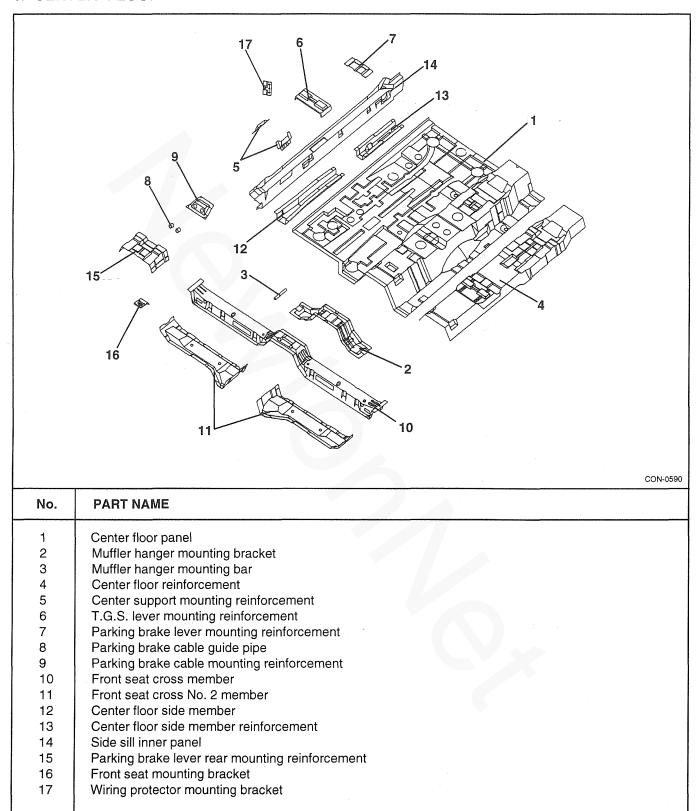
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No.	PART NAME	No.	PART NAME
1	Quarter panel	18	Quarter inner panel
2	Wheel housing inner panel	19	Quarter inner reinforcement
3	Wheel housing inner front extension	20	Quarter inner upper panel
4	Wheel housing inner rear extension	21	Quarter antipad mounting bracket
-5	Rear seat back side bracket	22	Jack mounting bracket
6	Rear seat back upper bracket		
7	Rear seat upper bracket		
. 8	Wheel housing inner front cover		
9	Wheel housing inner rear gusset		
10	Rear spring housing upper gusset		
11	Seat belt reel mounting bracket		
12	Covering shelf side trim mounting bracket		
13	Wheel housing inner upper reinforcement		
14	Wheel housing inner upper rear reinforcment		
15	Wheel housing inner upper gusset		
16	Wheel housing inner front reinforcement		
17	Luggage net mounting bracket		

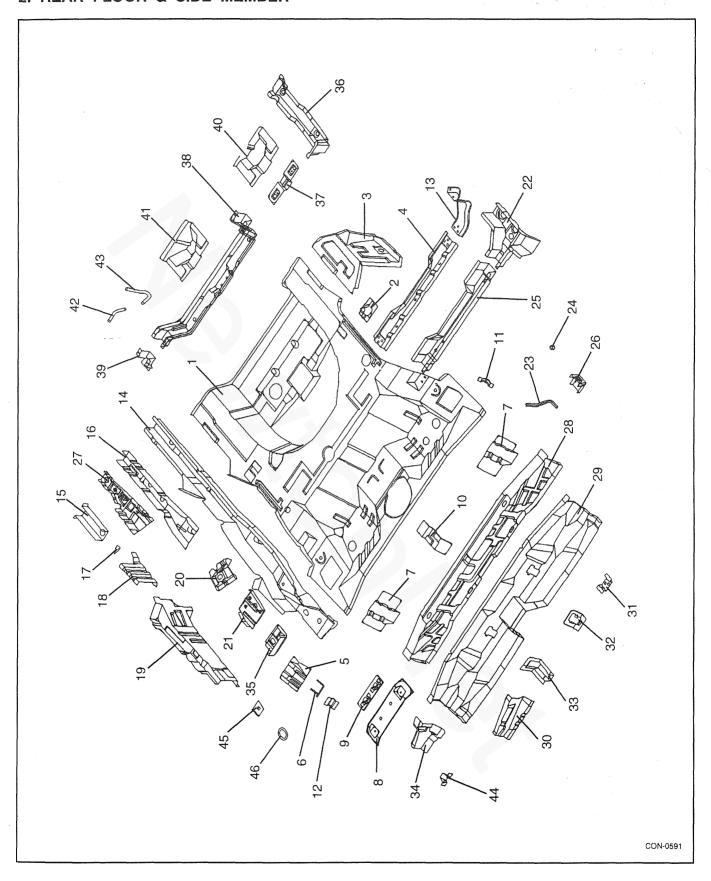


UNDER BODY

1. CENTER FLOOR



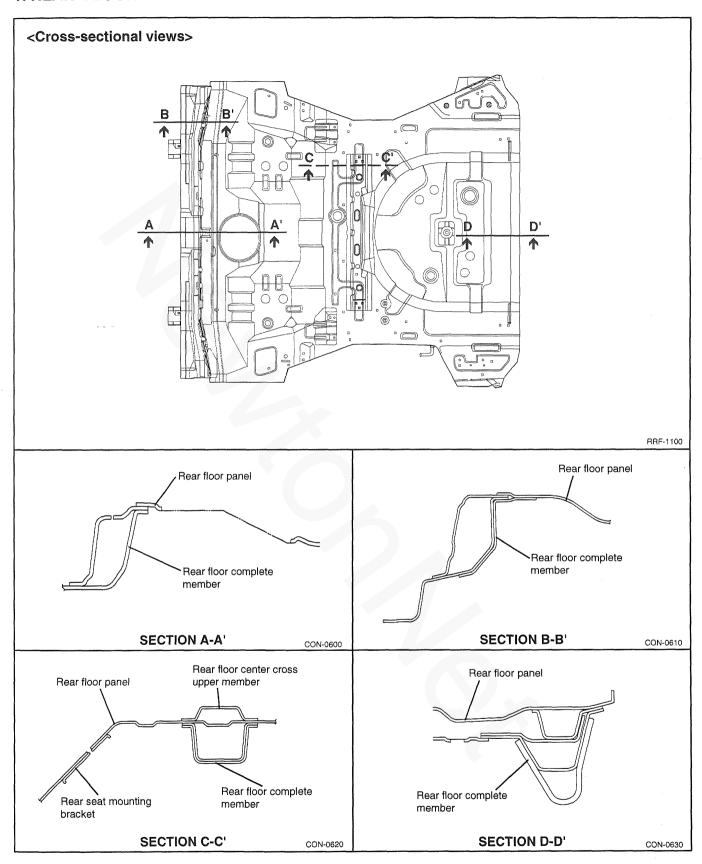
2. REAR FLOOR & SIDE MEMBER



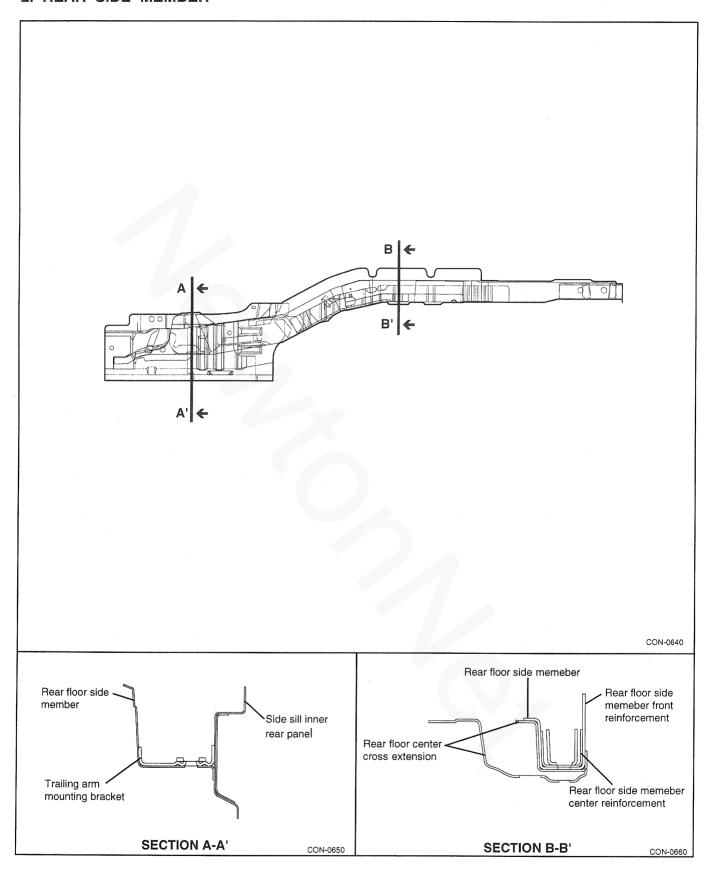
2. REAR FLOOR & SIDE MEMBER

- 1. Rear floor panel
- 2. Spare tire mounting bracket
- 3. Rear floor side panel
- 4. Rear floor center cross upper
- 5. Rear seat side mounting bracket
- 6. Rear seat isofix mounting bar
- 7. Rear seat mounting bracket
- 8. Rear seat belt center mounting bracket
- 9. Rear seat belt center mounting reinforcement
- 10. Rear seat center mounting bracket
- 11. Rear seat back side protector
- 12. Rear seat cushion protector
- 13. Floor to wheel housing inner reinforcement
- 14. Rear floor side member
- 15. Rear bumper mounting reinforcement
- 16. Rear floor side member center reinforcement
- 17. Brake hose mounting front bracket
- 18. Side sill inner rear reinforcement
- 19. Side sill inner rear panel
- 20. Rear seat belt mounting side bracket
- 21. Trailing arm mounting bracket
- 22. Rear floor center cross extension
- 23. Muffler hanger front pipe
- 24. Rear cross member mounting pipe
- 25. Rear floor center cross member
- 26. Fuel tank mounting rear bracket
- 27. Rear floor side member front reinforcement
- 28. Rear floor front extension
- 29. Rear floor front cross member
- 30. Rear floor front side extension
- 31. Parking cable mounting center bracket
- 32. Fuel tank mounting front bracket
- 33. Center floor side member rear extension
- 34. Rear floor side member front extension
- 35. Rear tie down reinforcement
- 36. Jack up cross center member
- 37. Canister mounting front bracket
- 38. Jack up cross rear member
- 39. Jack up cross rear extension
- 40. Canister mounting rear bracket
- 41. Rear towing hook bracket
- 42. Muffler hanger rear pipe
- 43. Rear towing hook
- 44. Parking cable mounting side bracket
- 45. Trailing arm mounting plate
- 46. Rear tie down support

1. REAR FLOOR

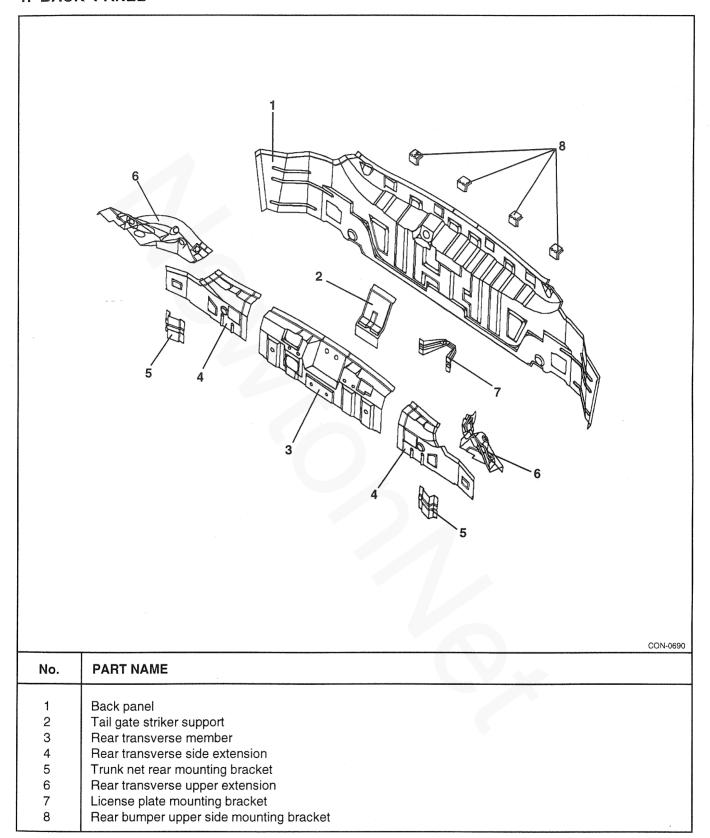


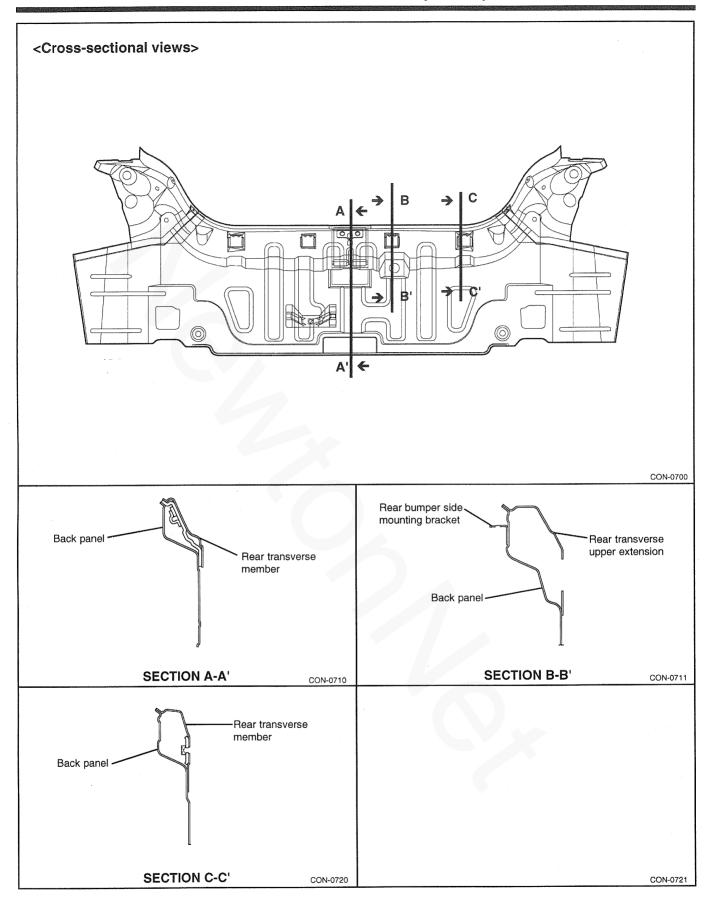
2. REAR SIDE MEMBER



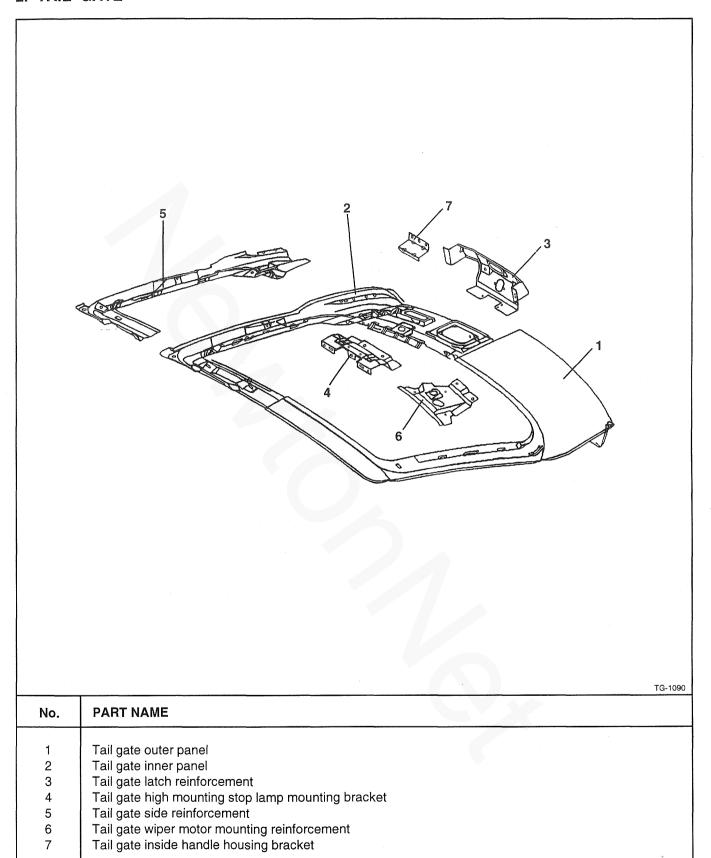
REAR BODY

1. BACK PANEL

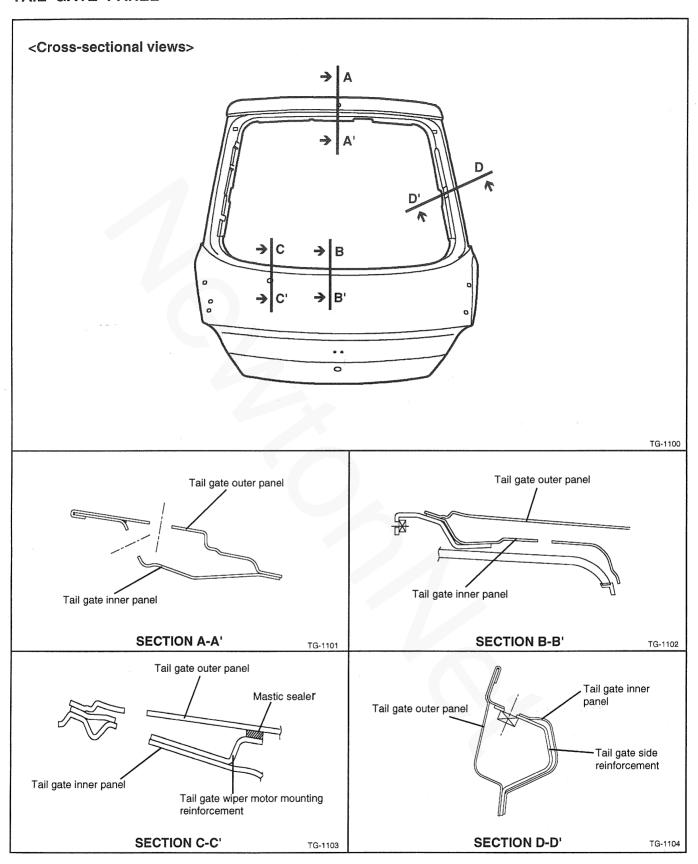




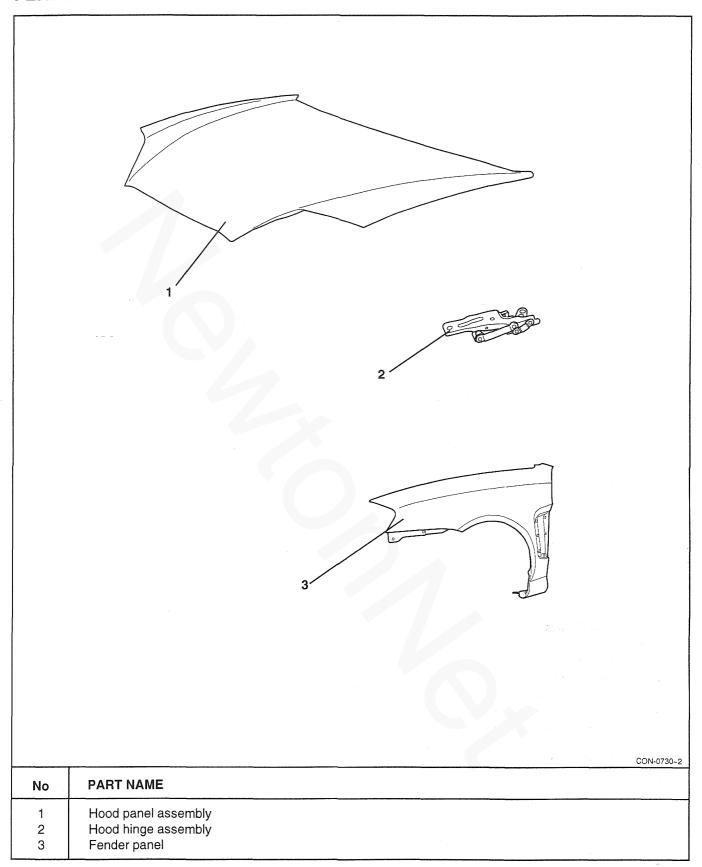
2. TAIL GATE



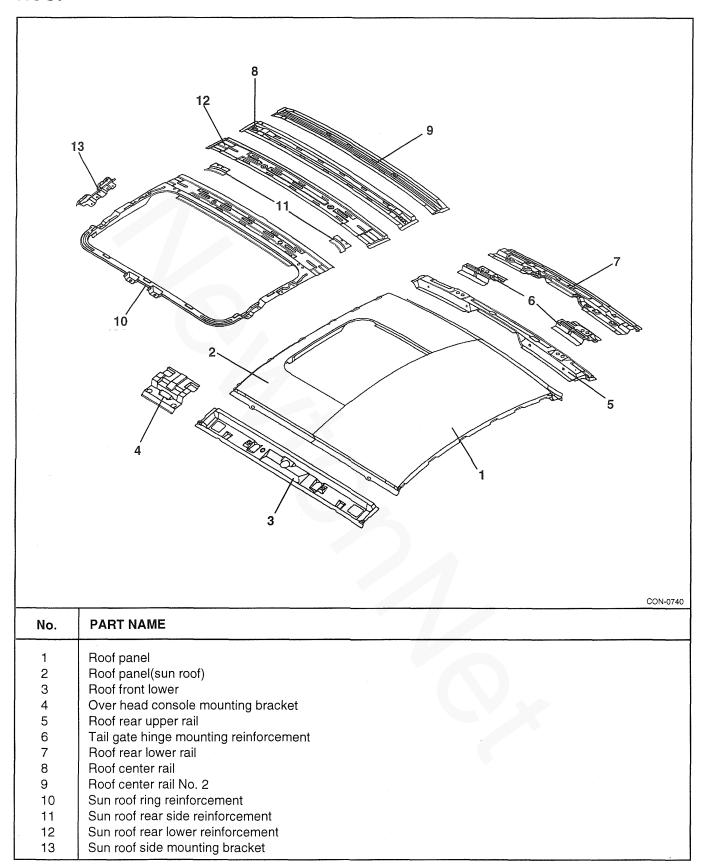
TAIL GATE PANEL



FENDER & HOOD

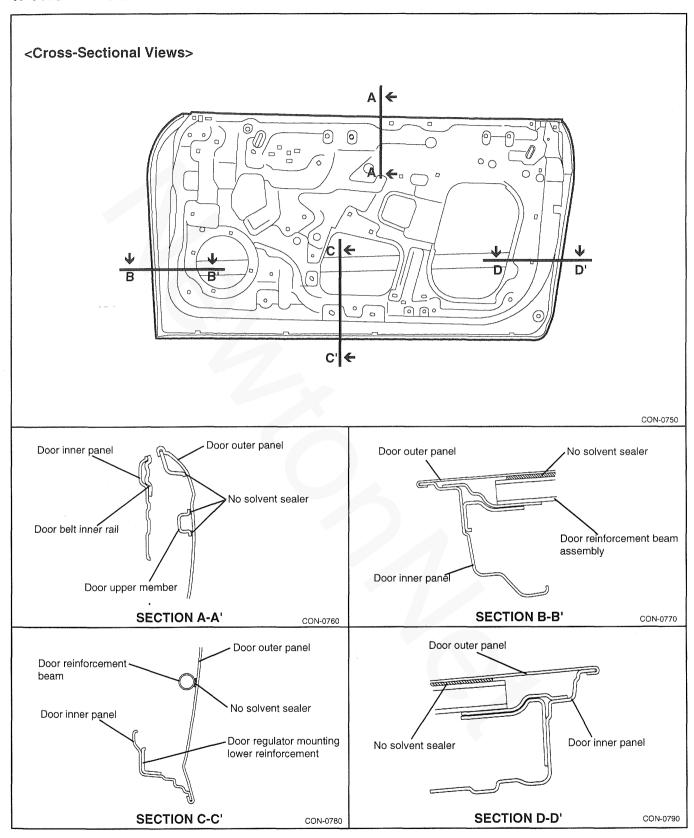


ROOF



DOOR

1. FRONT DOOR





REPLACEMENT PARTS

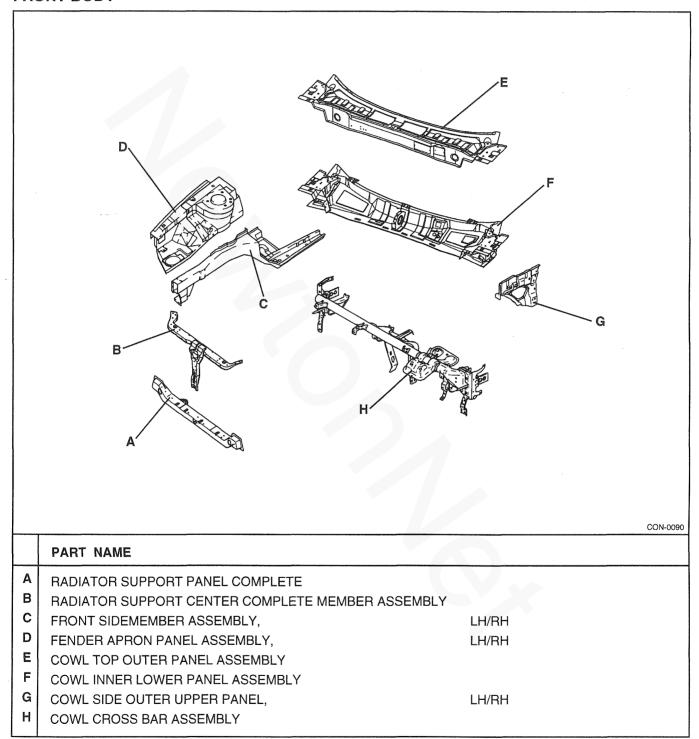
R

REPLACEMENT PARTS

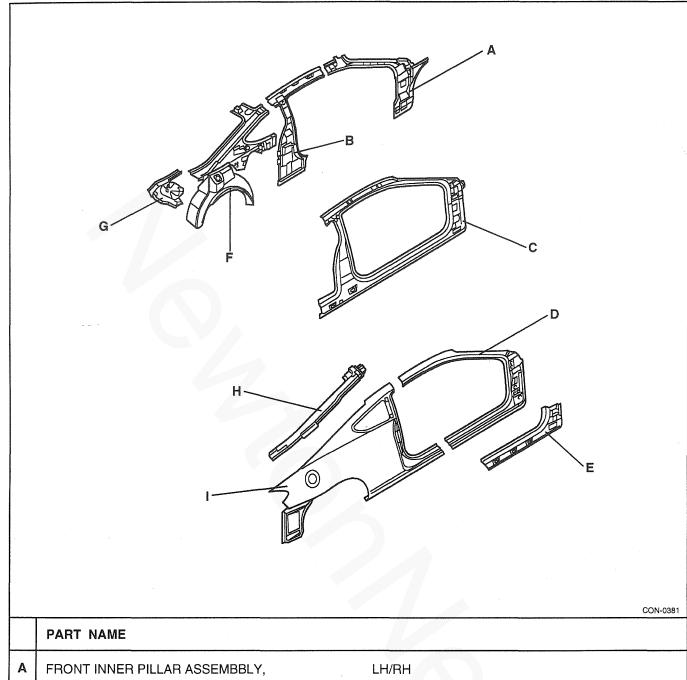
The following section illustrates replacement parts used in the repairs described in this manual. It is important that only Hyundai replacement parts be used in making these repairs to ensure the repairs are made with the highest possible standards for fit, safety and corrosion protection.

For a more complete listing of service parts, refer to an authorized Hyundai dealership.

FRONT BODY

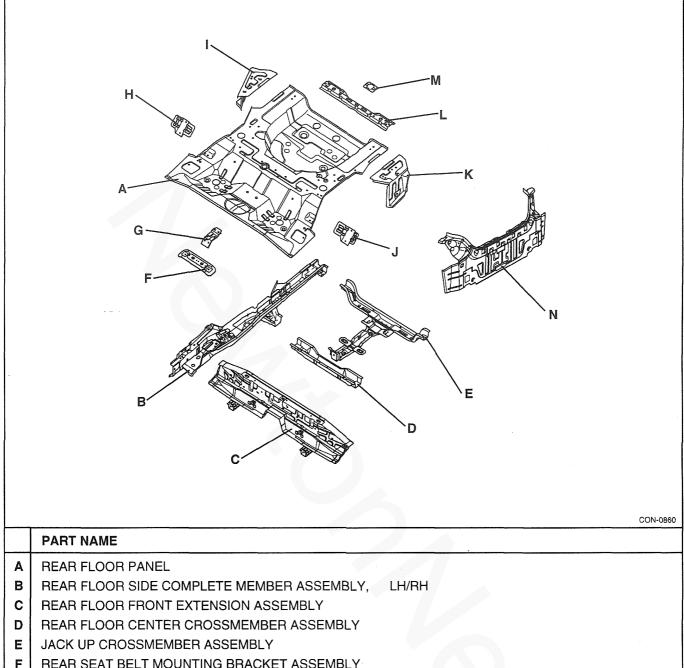


SIDE BODY



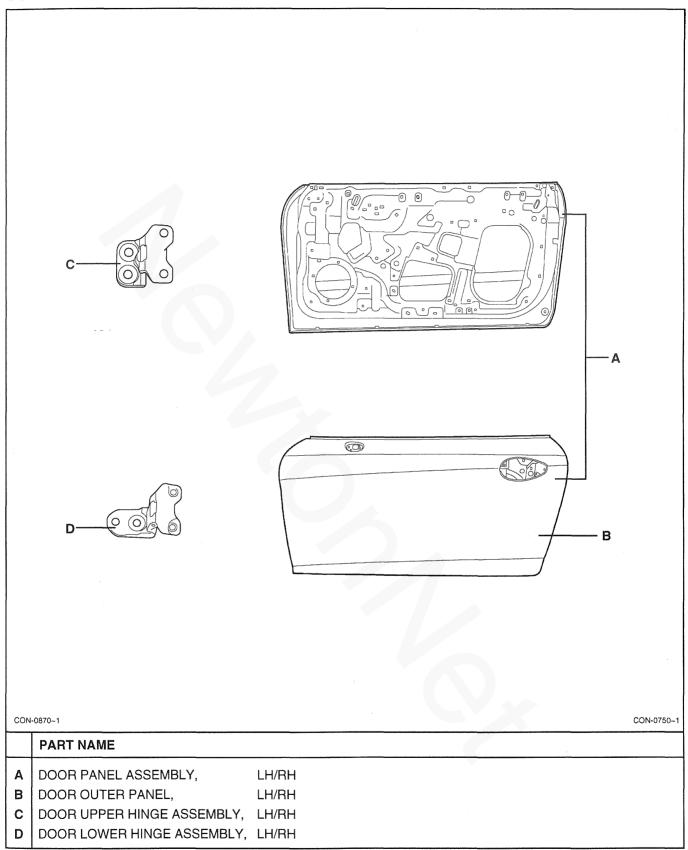
			CON-0361
	PART NAME		
Α	FRONT INNER PILLAR ASSEMBBLY,	LH/RH	
В	CENTER INNER PILLAR ASSEMBLY,	LH/RH	
С	STDE OUTER REINFORCEMENT ASSEMBLY,	LH/RH	
D	PILLAR OUTER PANER ASSEMBLY,	LH/RH	
E	SIDE SILL OUTER PANEL,	LH/RH	
F	QUARTER INNER PANEL ASSEMBLY,	LH/RH	
G	REAR COMBI LAMP HOUSING PANEL ASSEMBLY,	LH/RH	
Н	SIDE OUTER REAR EXTENSION ASSEMBLY,	LH/RH	
ı	QUARTER OUTER PANEL ASSEMBLY,	LH/RH	

REAR BODY



	LATTIVANE
Α	REAR FLOOR PANEL
В	REAR FLOOR SIDE COMPLETE MEMBER ASSEMBLY, LH/RH
С	REAR FLOOR FRONT EXTENSION ASSEMBLY
D	REAR FLOOR CENTER CROSSMEMBER ASSEMBLY
Ε	JACK UP CROSSMEMBER ASSEMBLY
F	REAR SEAT BELT MOUNTING BRACKET ASSEMBLY
G	REAR SEAT CENTER MOUNTING BRACKET ASSEMBLY
Н	REAR SEAT MOUNTING BRACKET ASSEMBLY, RH
-	REAR FLOOR SIDE PANEL, RH
J	REAR SEAT MOUNTING BRACKET ASSEMBLY, LH
Κ	REAR FLOOR SIDE PANEL, LH
L	REAR FLOOR CROSSEMBER ASSEMBLY
М	SPARE TIRE MOUNTING BRACKET ASSEMBLY
N	BACK PANEL ASSEMBLY

DOOR





BODY DIMENSIONS

BD

GENERAL

- 1. Basically, all measurements in this manual are taken with a tracking gauge.
- 2. When a measuring tape is used, check to be sure there is no elongation, twisting or bending.
- 3. For measuring dimensions, both projected dimension and actual-measurement dimension are used in this manual.

MEASUREMENT METHOD

PROJECTED DIMENSIONS

- 1. These are the dimensions measured when the measurement points are projected into the reference plane, and are the reference dimensions used for body alterations.
- 2. If the length of the tracking gauge probes are adjustable, make the measurement by lengthening one probe by the amount equivalent to the difference in height of the two surfaces.



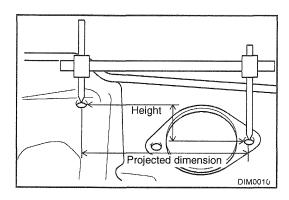
- 1. These dimensions indicate the actual linear distance between measurement points, and are the reference dimensions for use if a tracking gauge is used for measurement.
- 2. Measure by first adjusting both probes to the same length (A=A').

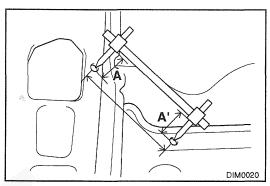
NOTE

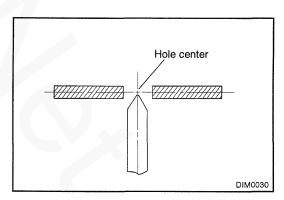
Check the probes and gauge itself to make sure there is no free play.

MEASUREMENT POINT

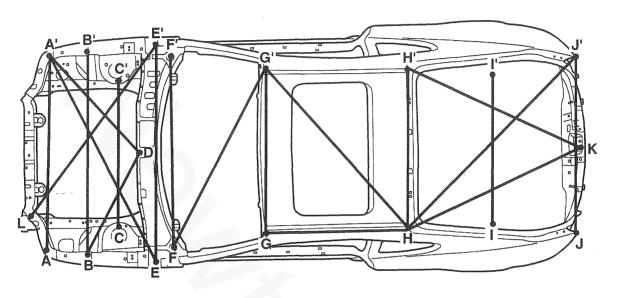
1. Measurements should be taken at the hole center.







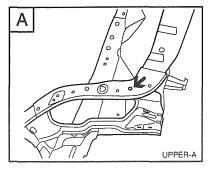
UPPER BODY



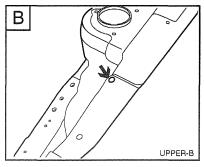
UPPER

* These dimensions indicated in this figure are actual-measurement dimensions.

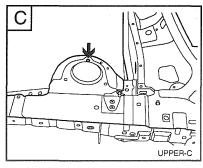
	·	·					
A-A'	A'-D	B-B'	B-D	C-C'	D-L	E-E'	F-F'
1304	954	1372	785	998	944	1498	1305
F-G'	G-G'	G-H	H-G'	H-H'	H-J'	 - '	J-J'
1380	1032	915	1376	1032	1663	1084	1184
K-H	K-H'	L-E'					
1489	1503	1490					
	1304 F-G' 1380 K-H	1304 954 F-G' G-G' 1380 1032 K-H K-H'	1304 954 1372 F-G' G-G' G-H 1380 1032 915 K-H K-H' L-E'	1304 954 1372 785 F-G' G-G' G-H H-G' 1380 1032 915 1376 K-H K-H' L-E'	1304 954 1372 785 998 F-G' G-G' G-H H-G' H-H' 1380 1032 915 1376 1032 K-H K-H' L-E'	1304 954 1372 785 998 944 F-G' G-G' G-H H-G' H-H' H-J' 1380 1032 915 1376 1032 1663 K-H K-H' L-E'	1304 954 1372 785 998 944 1498 F-G' G-G' G-H H-G' H-H' H-J' I-I' 1380 1032 915 1376 1032 1663 1084 K-H K-H' L-E'



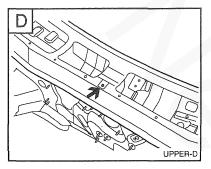
Fender mounting hole (Ø8)



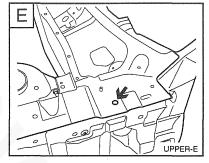
Fender mounting hole (Ø6.6)



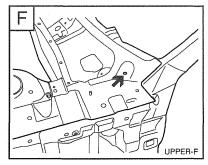
Front suspension mouning $hole(\emptyset 11)$



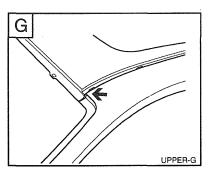
Cowl top cover mounting hole $(\emptyset 7)$



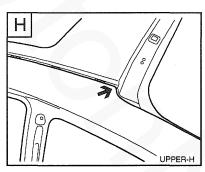
Tooling hole(Ø15)



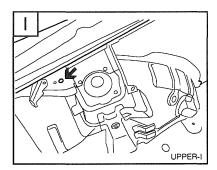
Hood hinge mounting hole (∅13)



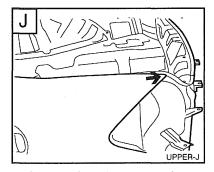
Front edge of side outer panel



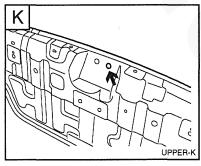
Rear edge of side outer panel



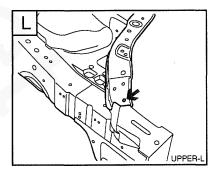
Rear seat belt reel mounting $hole(\emptyset 12)$



Corner of side outer panel

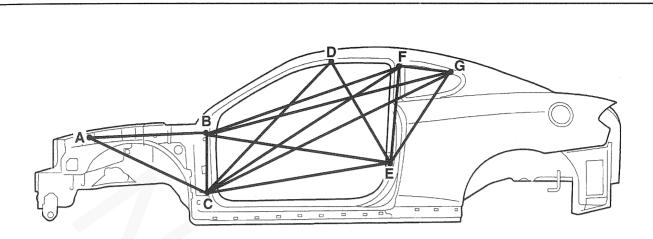


Tail gate striker mounting hole (Ø14)



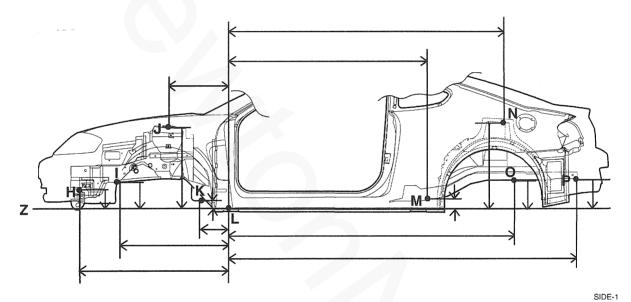
Member side mounting hole (∅6)

SIDE BODY



SIDE-2

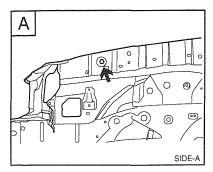
* These dimensions indicated in this figure are **actual-measurement dimensions**.



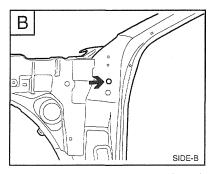
* These dimensions indicated in this figure are **projected dimensions**.

Point symbol	A-B	A-C	в-с	B-E	B-F	B-G	C-D	C-E
Length (mm)	805	872	372	1220	1340	1646	1218	1224
Point symbol	C-F	C-G	D-E	E-F	E-G	F-G	H-Z	I-Z
Length (mm)	1494	1763	726	586	662	338	142	229
Point symbol	J-Z	K-Z	M-Z	N-Z	O-Z	P-Z	H-L	I-L
Length (mm)	635	68	67	772	127	238	1159	850
Point symbol	J-L	K-L	L-M	L-N	L-O	L-P		
Length (mm)	455	223	1325	2074	2950	2666		

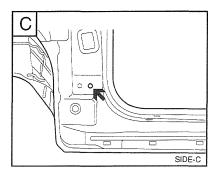
BODY DIMENSIONS - Side body



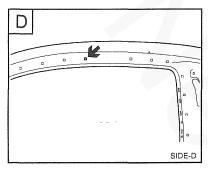
Tooling & hood cable passage hole(Ø15)



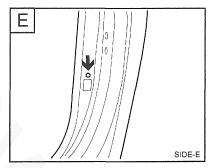
Door hinge mounting hole (\varnothing 13)



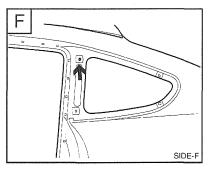
Door hinge mounting hole (∅13)



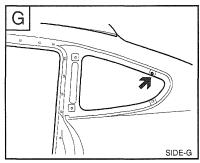
Retainer mounting hole (6.7 x 6.7)



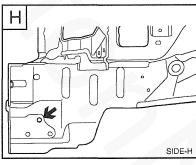
Door switch mounting hole $(\emptyset 9)$



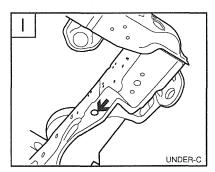
Fixed glass mounting hlole (9 x 7 slot)



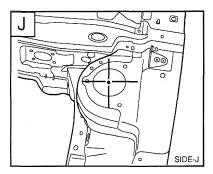
Fixed glass mounting hole (9 x 7 slot)



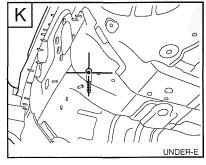
Front tie down hook mounting hole(Ø12)



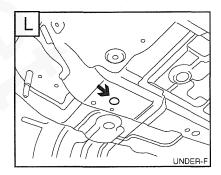
Tooling hole(Ø25)



Front suspension passage hole $(\emptyset 51)$

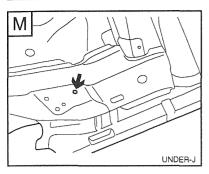


Sub-frame mounting hole (∅20)

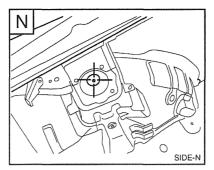


Tooling hole (\emptyset 28)

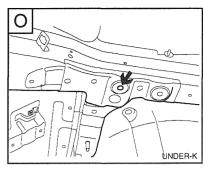
BODY DIMENSIONS - Side body



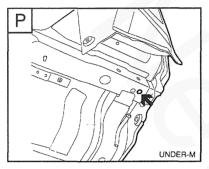
Trailing arm mounting hole (∅13)



Rear suspension passage hole (Ø34)

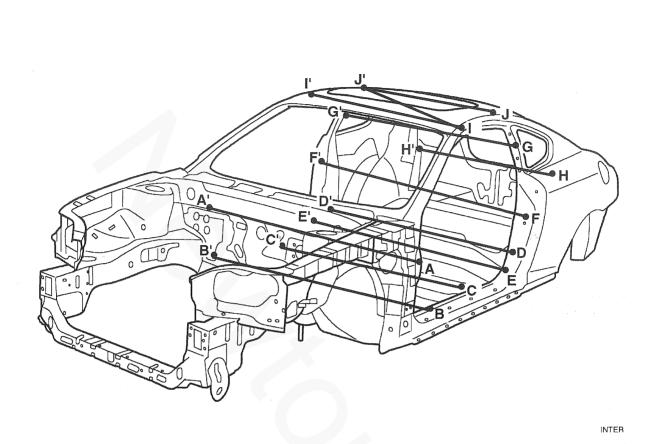


Rear cross member mounting hole(Ø14)



Bumper stay mounting hole $(\emptyset 13)$

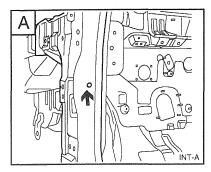
INTERIOR



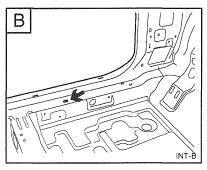
* These dimensions indicated in this figure are actual-measurement dimensions.

Point symbol	A-A'	B-B'	C-C'	D-D'	E-E'	F-F'	G-G'	H-H'
Length (mm)	1480	1348	1164	1387	1122	1507	1153	1053
Point symbol	1-1'	I-J'	J-J'					
Length (mm)	1021	1063	1013					

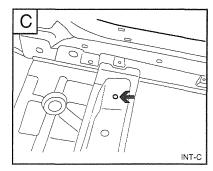
BODY DIMENSIONS - Interior



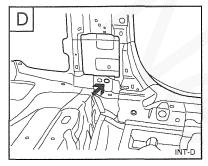
Front door checker mounting hole(Ø11)



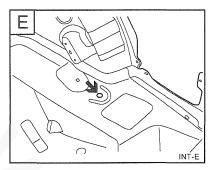
Floor wiring mounting hole (7 x 12 slot)



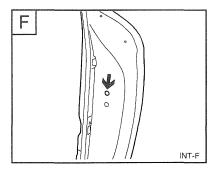
Seat mounting hole(∅11)



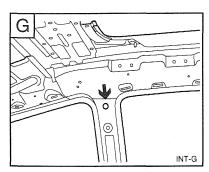
Seat belt reel mounting hole $(\emptyset 12.2)$



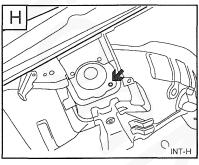
Rear seat belt side lower mounting hole(∅15.7)



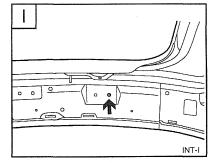
Door striker mounting hole $(\emptyset 13)$



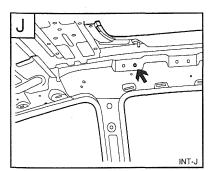
Front seat belt mounting hole $(\emptyset 15)$



Rear suspension mounting hole $(\emptyset 9)$

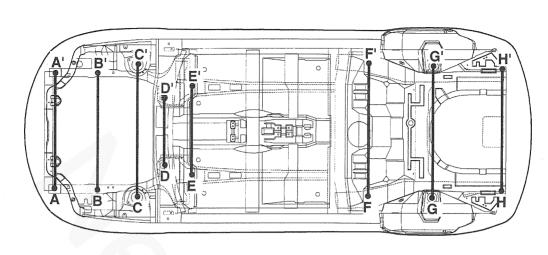


Sun roof side bracket mounting hole(Ø6.6)



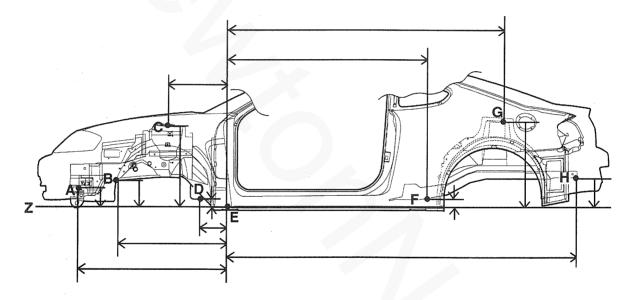
Sun roof side bracket mounting hole $(\emptyset 6.6)$

UNDER BODY



* These dimensions indicated in this figure are **actual-measurement dimensions**.

UND-ASSY

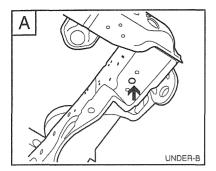


* These dimensions indicated in this figure are **projected dimensions**.

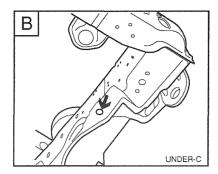
SIDE-1

Point symbol	A-A'	B-B'	C-C'	D-D'	E-E'	F-F'	G-G'	Н-Н'
Length (mm)	960	960	1136	560	754	1192	1136	970
Point symbol	A-Z	B-Z	C-Z	D-Z	F-Z	G-Z	H-Z	A-E
Length (mm)	102	229	635	68	67	772	238	1078
Point symbol	B-E	C-E	D-E	E-F	E-G	E-H		
Length (mm)	850	455	223	1325	2074	2666		

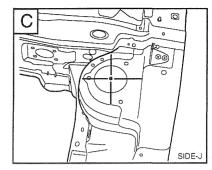
BODY DIMENSIONS - Under body



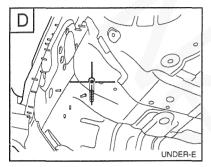
Sub-frame mounting hole(∅24)



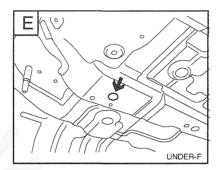
Tooling hole(Ø25)



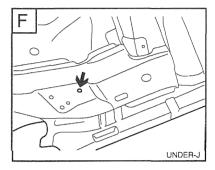
Front suspension passage hole (Ø102)



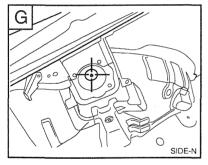
Sub-frame mounting hole(∅20)



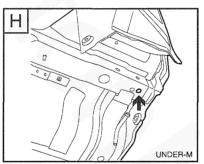
Tooling hole(Ø28)



Trailing arm mounting hole (∅13)

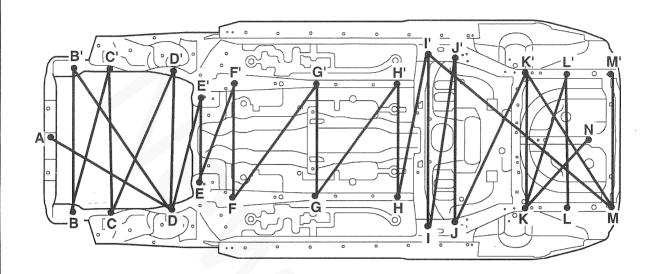


Rear suspension passage hole(Ø34)



Bumper stay mounting hole $(\emptyset 13)$

UNDER BODY

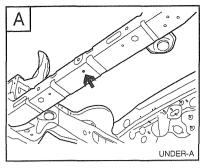


ACT-ASSY

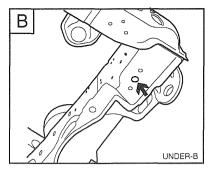
* These dimensions indicated in this figure are **actual-measurement dimensions**.

Point symbol	A-D	B-B'	B-C'	C-C'	C-D'	D-D'	D-B'	D-E'
Length (mm)	957	960	994	960	1046	956	1165	817
Point symbol	E-E'	E-F'	F-F'	F-G'	G-G'	G-H'	H-H'	H-I'
Length (mm)	580	707	754	866	754	1012	754	1002
Point symbol	I-I'	I-J'	J-J'	J-K'	K-K'	K-L'	L-L'	M-M'
Length (mm)	1192	1175	1126	1170	959	995	961	970
Point symbol	M-I'	M-K	N-K					
Length (mm)	1731	1153	656					

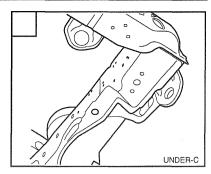
BODY DIMENSIONS - Under body



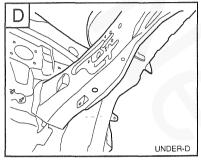
Air dam mounting hole(∅6)



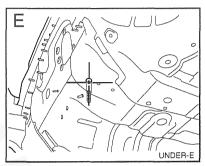
Sub-frame mounting hole(∅24)



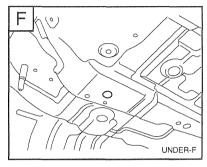
Tooling hole(Ø25)



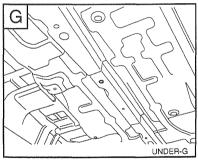
Tooling hole(∅15)



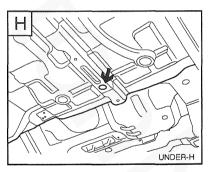
Sub-frame mounting hole(Ø20)



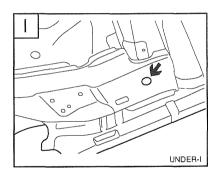
Tooling hole(Ø28)



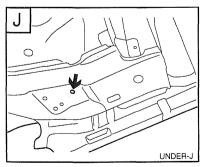
Tooling hole(∅15)



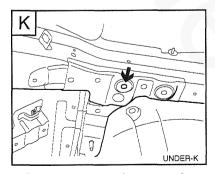
Tooling & paint drain hole (Ø27)



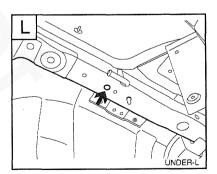
Tooling hole(∅25)



Trailing arm mounting hole $(\emptyset 13)$

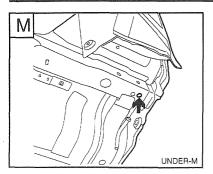


Rear cross momber mounting hole(∅14)

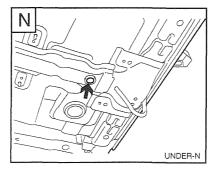


Tooling hole(∅13)

BODY DIMENSIONS - Under body

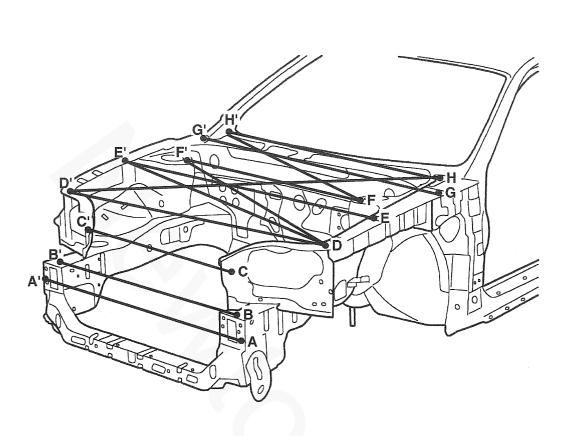


Bumper stay mounting hole (Ø13)



Tooling & paint drain hole(∅20)

ENGINE COMPARTMENT

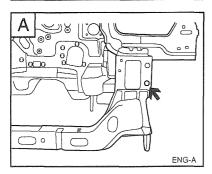


ENGINE

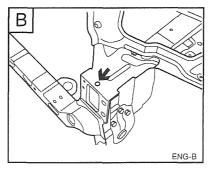
Point symbol	A-A'	B-B'	C-C'	D-D'	D-E'	D-F'	E-E'	F-F'
Length (mm)	1070	980	778	1310	1377	1269	1372	998
Point symbol	F-H'	G-G'	H-H'	H-D'				
Length (mm)	1213	1498	1305	1593				

^{*} These dimensions indicated in this figure are actual-measurement dimensions.

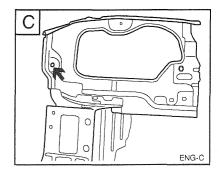
BODY DIMENSIONS - Engine compartment



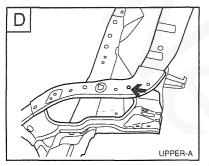
Passage bumper stay hole (Ø16)



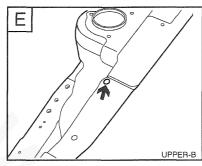
Front bumper mounting hole $(\emptyset 12)$



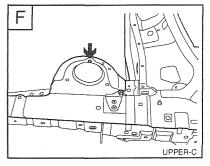
Tooling hole(∅8)



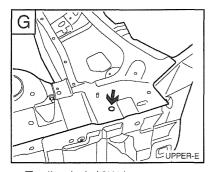
Fender mounting hole(∅8)



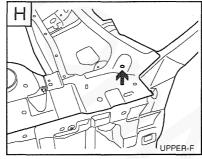
Fender mounting hole(∅6.6)



Front suspension mounting hole(∅11)

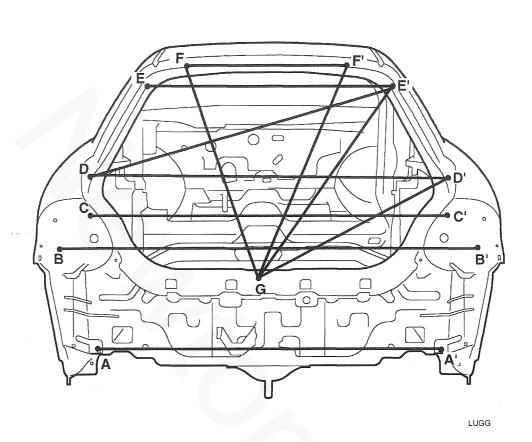


Tooling hole(∅15)



Hood hinge mounting hole (∅13)

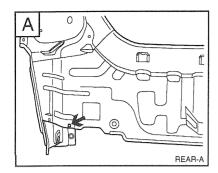
LUGGAGE COMPARTMENT



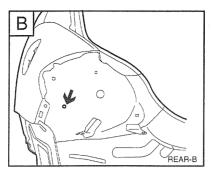
* These dimensions indicated in this figure are **actual-measurement dimensions**.

Point symbol	A-A'	B-B'	C-C'	D-D'	D-E'	E-E'
Length (mm)	1128	1390	1176	1179	1456	1119
Point symbol	F-F'	F-G	G-F'	G-E'	G-D'	
Length (mm)	625	1410	1421	1273	668	

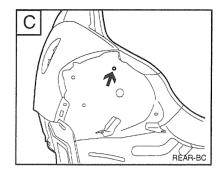
BODY DIMENSIONS - Luggage compartment



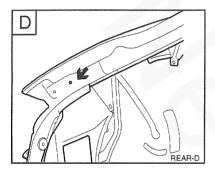
Cover mounting hole $(\square 8.5 \times 8.5)$



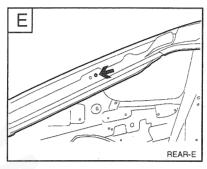
Combi lamp mounting hole (∅8)



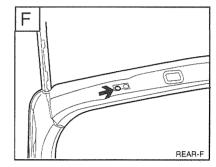
Rear combi lamp mounting hole(∅8)



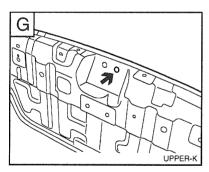
Tail gate guide bumper mounting hole(∅9)



Tail gate lift mounting hole (∅12.5)



Tail gate hinge mounting hole (∅14)



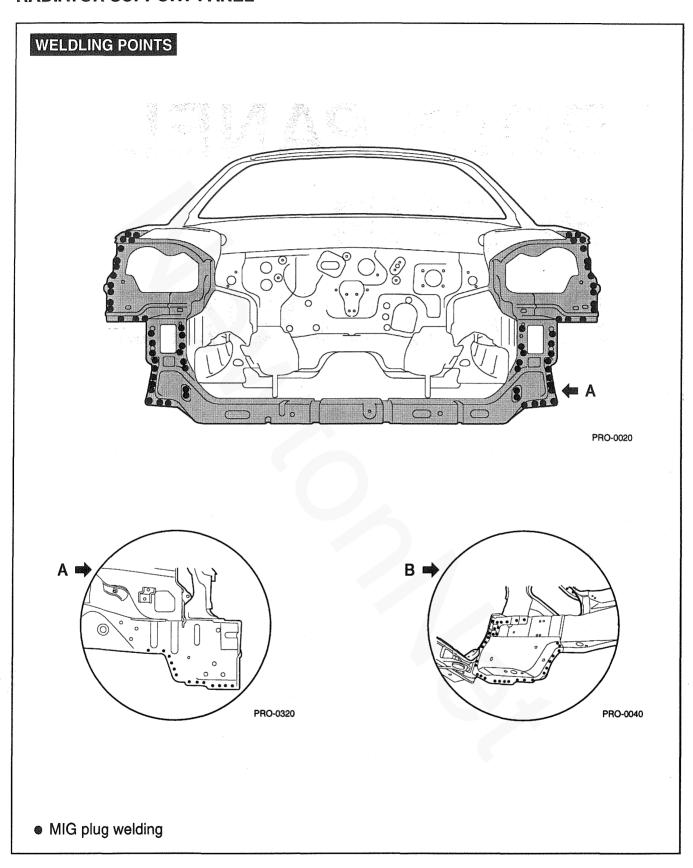
Tail gate striker mounting hole (∅14)

BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE

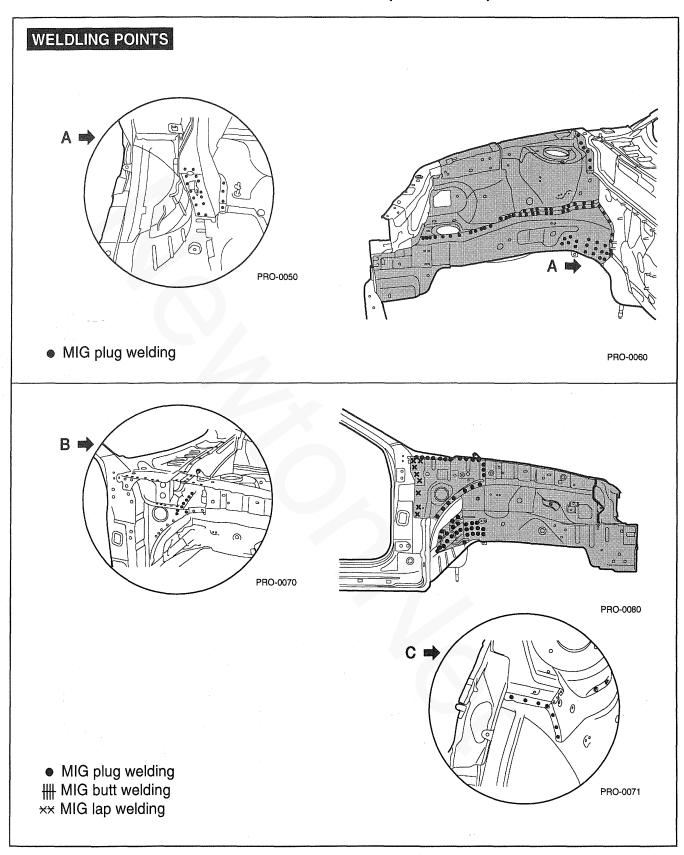


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RADIATOR SUPPORT PANEL

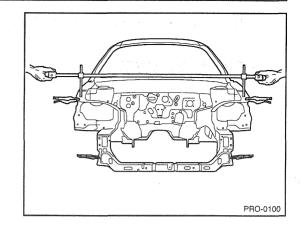


FENDER APRON AND FRONT SIDE MEMBER (ASSEMBLY)



NOTE

Before repairing, remove Engine and Suspension Components. Refer to the body dimension charts and measure the vehicle to determine straightening and alignment requirements. The body must be returned to its original dimension before you begin the repair procedure.

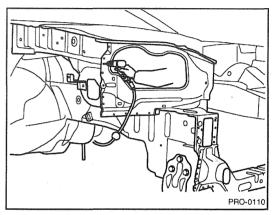


REMOVAL

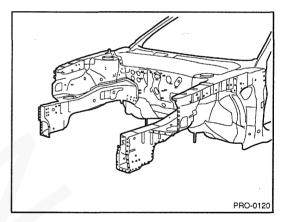
1. Drill out all the spotwelds to separate radiator support panel from front side member.

NOTE

When spotwelded portions are not apparent, remove paint with a rotary wire brush.



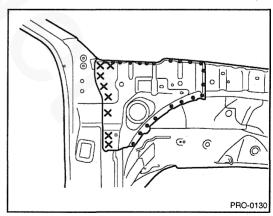
2. Remove the radiator support panel.



3. Drill out all the spotwelds attaching the cowl side upper outer panel.

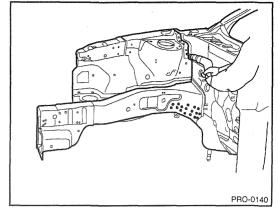
NOTE

If it is possible that the cowl side upper outer panel is reusable, be careful not to damage it while removing.



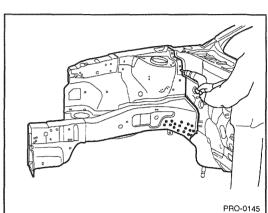
BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Fender apron and front side member (Assembly)

- 4. Using a spotweld cutter, drill out all the spotwelds attaching the fender apron to the dash panel and front side member.
- 5. Remove the fender apron panel.

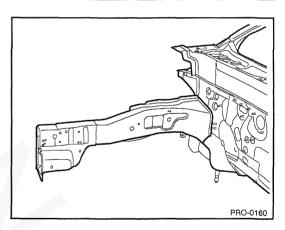


NOTE

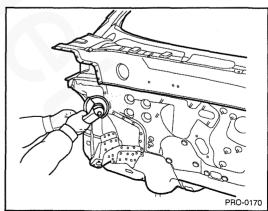
If collision damage requires replacement of fender apron and front side member together, remove both of them at the same time.



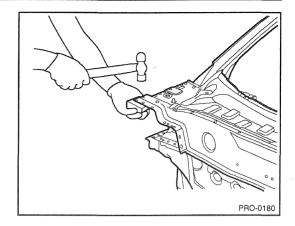
6. Using a spotweld cutter, remove the front side member by drilling out the spotwelds.



7. Grind and smooth any weld traces which might be left on the body surface by using an air grinder or similar tool, being careful not to damage any of the panels which is not to be replaced.

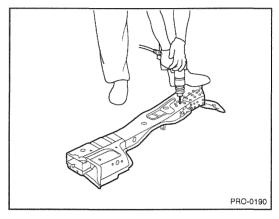


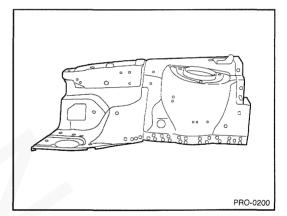
8. Using a hammer and dolly, correct any flanges that become bent or deformed when spotwelds are broken.



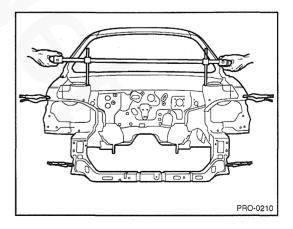
INSTALLATION

- 1. Drill 8 mm holes in the new fender apron and front side member for MIG plug welding.
- 2. Remove paint from both sides of all portions that are to be welded such as peripheries of MIG plug weld holes.



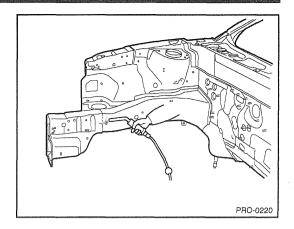


- 3. Temporarily install new parts in place.
- 4. Measure each measurement point (Refer to the BODY DIMEN-SIONS) and correct the installation position.

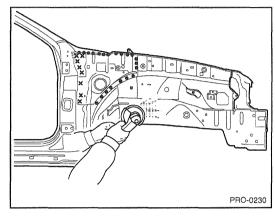


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Fender apron and front side member (Assembly)

MIG plug weld all holes

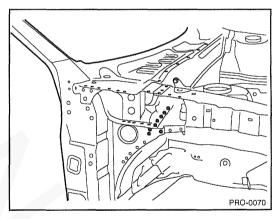


Clean MIG welds with a disc grinder.

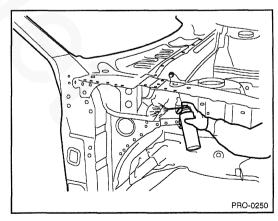


NOTE

- Be careful not to grind welded portions too much.
 The internal parts will be stronger if the weld traces are not ground.

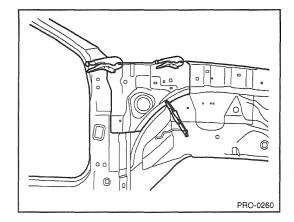


7. Before welding the cowl side upper outer panel, apply the two part epoxy primer and anti-corrosion agent to the interior of the fender apron panel.

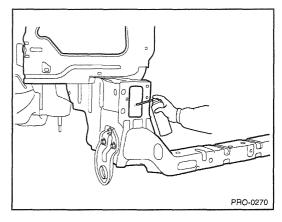


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Fender apron and front side member (Assembly)

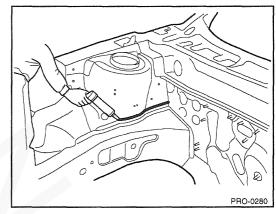
- 8. Install the cowl side upper outer panel in place.
- 9. MIG plug weld all holes.
- 10. Clean and prepare all welds, remove all residue.
- 11. Apply the two part epoxy primer to the interior of the each panel.



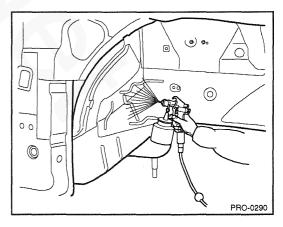
- 12. Apply an anti-corrosion agent as required (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 13. Prepare the exterior surfaces for priming using wax and grease remover.
- 14. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 15. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 16. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



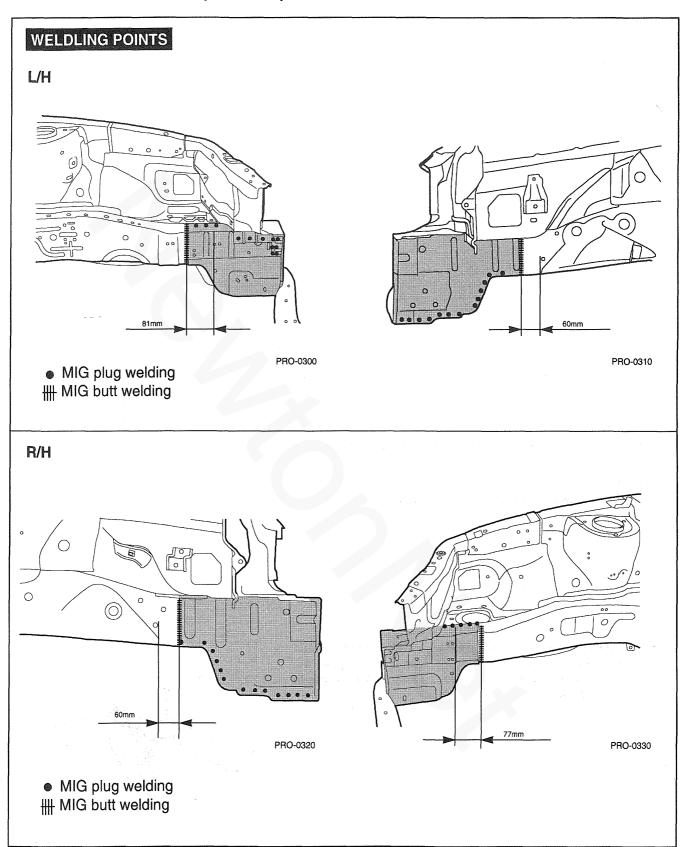
- 17. Apply the correct seam sealer to all joints carefully (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATION).
- 18. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.



- 19. After completing body repairs, carefully apply under coating to the front sidemember and fender apron (Refer to the CORRO-SION PROTECTION).
- 20. In order to improve corrosion resistance, if necessary, apply an under body anti-corrosion agent to the panel which is repaired or replaced (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).



FRONT SIDE MEMBER (PARTIAL)



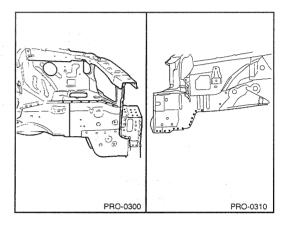
REMOVAL

NOTE

This procedure is to be used only for repair of minor damage to the front side member and when it is impossible to straighten the damaged side member. The following procedure illustrates a repair for the front left side member.

The procedure may also be applied to the front right sidemember.

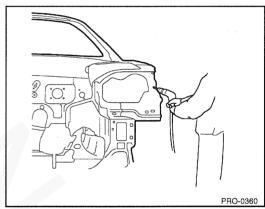
1. Measure and mark the vertical cutlines on front side member outer and inner from rear edge of front side member gusset.



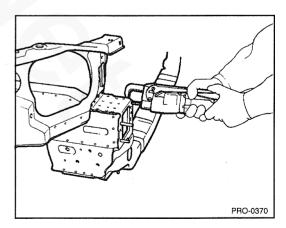
2. Drill out all the spotwelds to separate radiator support panel from front side member.

NOTE

1. When spotwelded portions are not apparent, remove paint with a rotary wire brush.



2. In order to perform cutting and separation of spotwelded points use a spot weld cutter which is larger than the size of the nugget to make a hole only in the panels to be replaced.

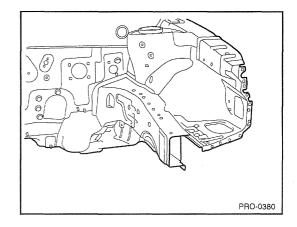


3. Cut through the front side member inner and outer at cutlines.

NOTE

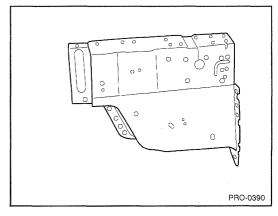
Take care not to cut through front side member inner reinforcement.

4. Prepare all surfaces to be welded.

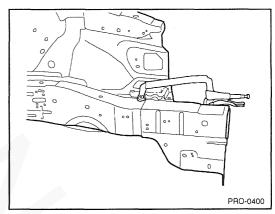


INSTALLATION

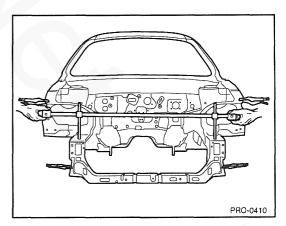
- 1. Transcribe the front side member inner and outer cutline to the new front side member, cut to length and chamfer butt end to improve weld surface.
- 2. Drill 8mm holes in new front side member for MIG plug welding.



- 3. Fit and clamp the front side member inner and outer in place.
- 4. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld all seams.

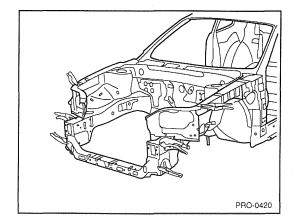


5. Measure each measurement point (Refer to the BODY DIMEN-SIONS) and correct the installation position.

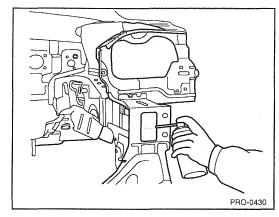


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Front side member (Partial)

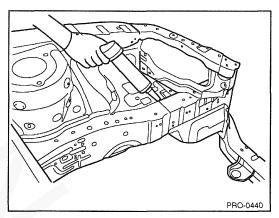
- 6. Fit and clamp the radiator support panel in place.
- 7. MIG plug weld all holes.
- 8. Clean and prepare all welds, remove all residue.
- 9. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the front side member.



- 10. Apply an anti-corrosion agent as required (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 11. Prepare the exterior surfaces for priming using wax and grease remover.
- 12. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 13. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 14. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



- 15. Apply the correct seam sealer to all joints carefully (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATIONS).
- 16. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.

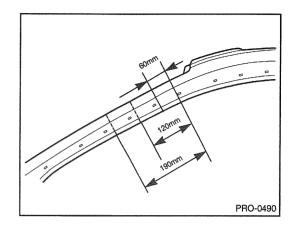


FRONT PILLAR

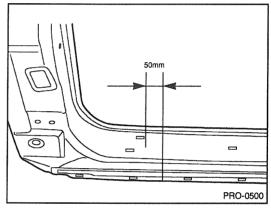
WELDLING POINTS PRO-0460 PRO-0480 PRO-0450 MIG plug welding∰ MIG butt welding★★ MIG lap welding

REMOVAL

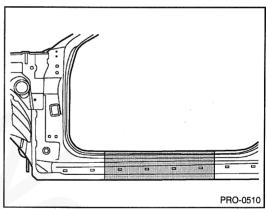
1. Measure and mark the each cutline on the front outer pillar, front outer upper pillar and front inner upper pillar from the windshild glass moulding mounting hole indicated in the illustration.



2. Measure and mark the cutline on front side sill outer panel as shown in the illustration.



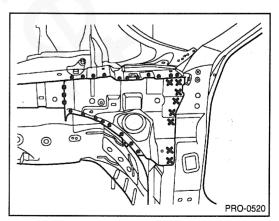
3. Depending on the extent of damaged area, it may be possible to determine the cutting range within indicated in the illustration.



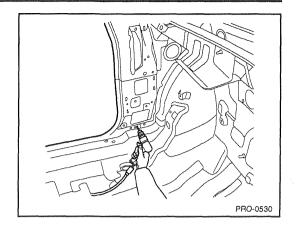
4. To remove the front pillar, grind away and drill out all welds attaching the cowl side upper outer panel as illustration.

NOTE

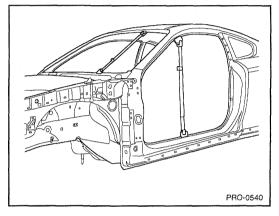
If it is possible that the cowl side upper outer panel is reusable, be careful not to damage it while removing.



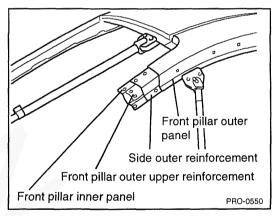
- 5. Drill out all welds attaching the front pillar to dash, cowl top outer and cowl inner lower panel.
- 6. Remove spotwelds and lap welds attaching cowl crossmember bar mounting upper bracket to remove front pillar.



7. Before cutting front pillar, be sure to support roof panel.



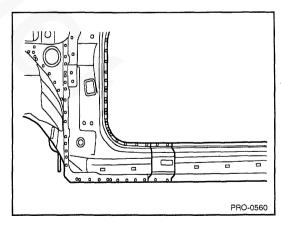
8. Cut the front pillar through each cutline, taking care not to damage the other panel as illustration.



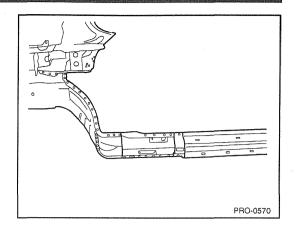
9. Before cutting the front side sill outer panel, make a rough cut the front side sill outer panel only.

NOTE

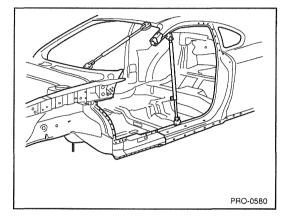
When cutting the front side sill outer panel, be careful not to cut side sill outer front reinforcement.



- 10. Cut the side sill outer front reinforcement as illustration.
- 11. Cut the front side sill outer panel vertical cutline and remove the front pillar.

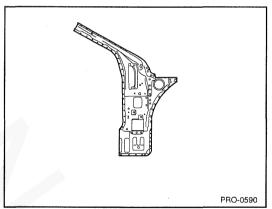


12. Straighten all flanges as necessary, prepare all surfaces to be welded.

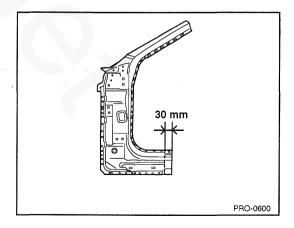


INSTALLATION

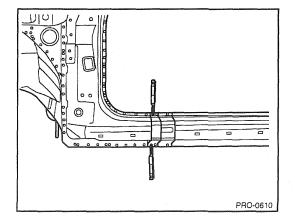
1. Transcribe the cutline to the new front inner upper pillar, cut to length and chamfer butt end to improve weld surface.



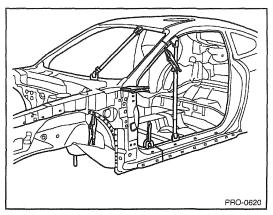
- 2. Transcribe the cutline to the new front side sill outer panel and new front pillar, adding 30mm overlap to end and cut to length.
- 3. Drill 8mm holes along outer panel flanges in production location for attachment to other panels.



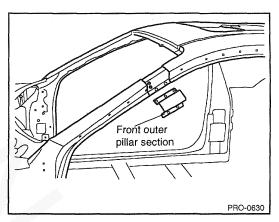
- 4. Transcribe the cutline to the new side sill outer front reinforcement panel, adding 30mm overlap to end and cut to length.
- 5. Drill 8mm holes in the side sill outer front reinforcement for MIG plug welding.
- 6. Fit and clamp the new side sill outer front reinforcement panel in place for welding.
- 7. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld the seams.



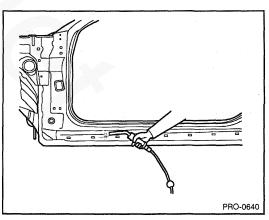
- 8. Temporarily install front inner pillar and front side outer panel in place.
- 9. Measure and each measurement point (Refer to the BODY DIMENSIONS) and correct the installation position.
- 10. If necessary, make temporary welds, and then check to confirm that the closing and fit for windshield glass, door and fender are correct.



- 11. MIG butt weld front outer pillar and front side outer panel seams.
- 12. Reattach the cut away front inner pillar section, then MIG butt weld.



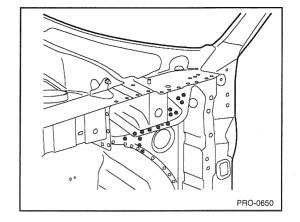
- 13. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld all seams in the front side sill outer panel.
- 14. Clean and prepare all welds, remove all residue.
- 15. Apply body filler to joints and sand as needed.
- 16. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the front pillar.



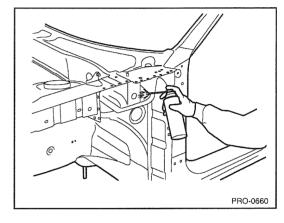
17. Clean all welds with a disc grinder.

NOTE

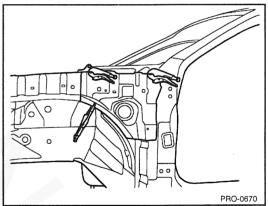
- 1. Be careful not to grind welded portions too much.
- 2. The internal parts will be stronger if the weld traces are not ground.



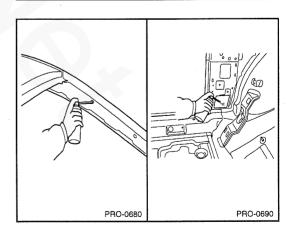
18. Before welding the cowl side upper outer panel, apply the two part epoxy primer and anti-corrosion agent to the interior of the fender apron panel.



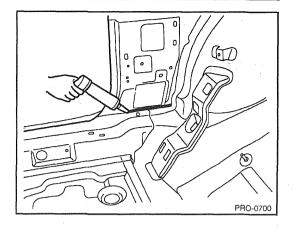
- 19. Install the cowl side upper outer panel in place.
- 20. MIG plug weld all holes.
- 21. Clean and prepare all welds, remove all residue.



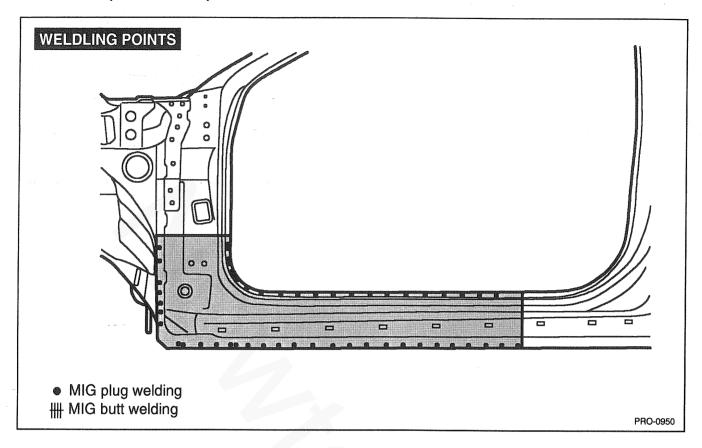
- 22. Apply an anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts and inside of front pillar (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 23. Prepare exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 24. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 25. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 26. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



- 27. Apply the correct seam sealer to all joints carefully (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATIONS).
- 28. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.

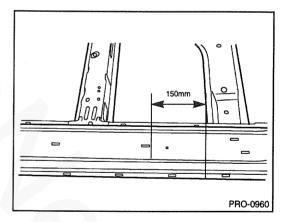


SIDE SILL (ASSEMBLY)

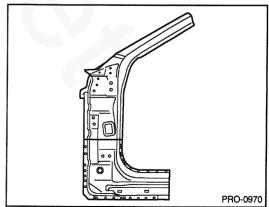


REMOVAL

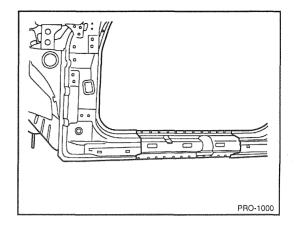
1. Measure and mark vertical cutline from the rear door scuff trim mounting hole on the rear side sill outer panel.



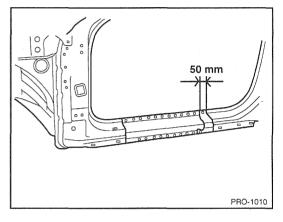
2. At the front and side sill, measure and mark horizontal cutlines from the door hinge mounting hole on the side outer panel as illustration.



- 3. Cut the side sill outer panel along cutlines. Be careful not to cut mating flanges.
- 4. Drill out all spotwelds, attaching the side sill outer panel.
- 5. Remove the side sill outer panel.

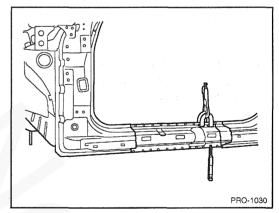


- 6. Determine if the side outer reinforcement is damaged and needs to be replaced, measure cutline on reinforcement as illustration.
- 7. Cut side outer reinforcement along the cutline.
- 8. Drill out spotwelds attaching the side outer reinforcement to the body and remove side sill outer reinforcement.
- 9. Prepare all surfaces to be welded.



INSTALLATION

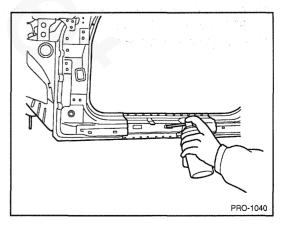
- 1. Transcribe cutline dimension to side outer reinforcement, adding 30mm overlap to rear end and cut to length.
- 2. Drill 8mm holes in overlap area on rear end and along front flange.
- 3. Fit and clamp the side outer reinforcement in place.
- 4. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld seams.



Before welding the side sill outer panel, apply the two-part epoxy primer and anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts.

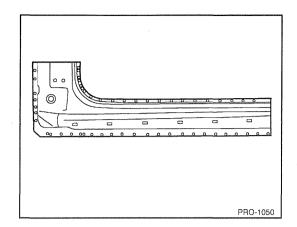
NOTE

The reinforcement will be stronger if the weld traces are not ground.

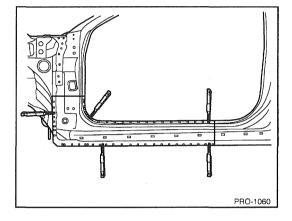


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Side sill (Assembly)

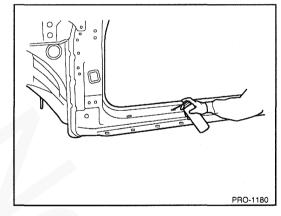
6. Using service panel for replacement of side sill outer panel, drill 8mm holes in overlap areas and along upper and lower flanges.



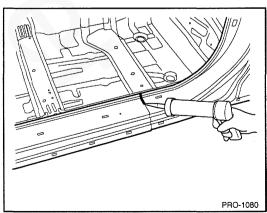
- 7. Crimp flanges on the remaining portion of the side sill outer panel at all joint for overlap.
- 8. Fit and clamp the side sill outer panel in place.
- 9. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld seams.
- 10. Clean and prepare all welds and remove all residue.
- 11. Apply body filler to the side sill outer seams.
- 12. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the side sill.



- 13. Apply an anti-corrosion agent to welded parts and interior of the side sill (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 14. Prepare the exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 15. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 16. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 17. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.

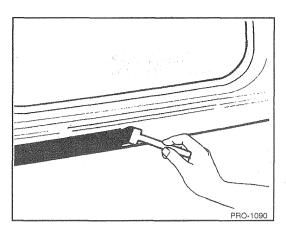


- 18. Apply the correct seam sealer to all joints (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATIONS).
- 19. Reprime over the seam sealer.

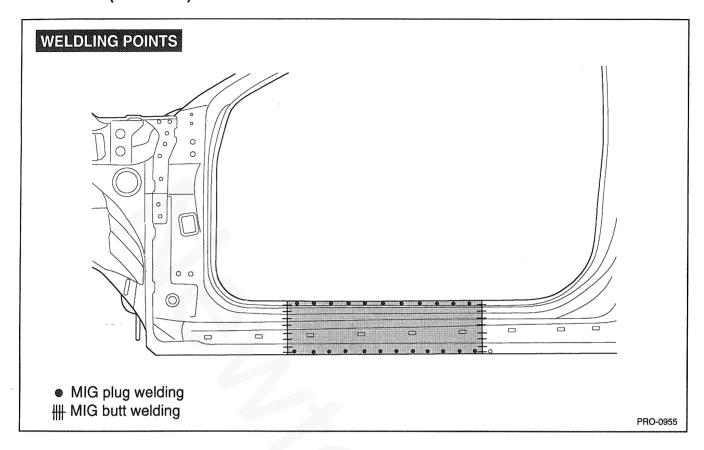


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Side sill (Assembly)

20. Apply the anti-corrosion primer to the side sill outer panel to complete the repair (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).

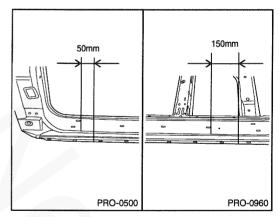


SIDE SILL (PARTIAL)

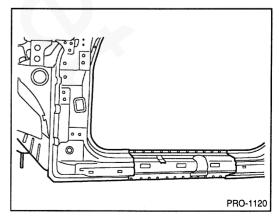


REMOVAL

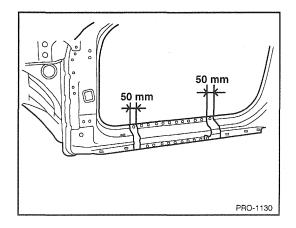
1. Depending on the extent of damage, mark out the damaged portion of the side sill.



2. Drill out the spotwelds in upper and lower flanges of side sill between cutlines to remove side sill outer panel and cut the damaged portion of the side sill at the cutlines.

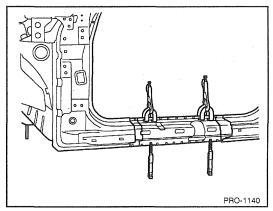


- Determine if the side outer reinforcement is damaged and needs to be replaced. If replacing is necessary, mark out the damaged portion of the side outer reinforcement. Cut at cutlines and remove the damaged portion.
- 4. Prepare all surfaces to be welded.



INSTALLATION

- 1. Transcribe the cutline to the new side outer reinforcement, adding 30 mm overlap to each end and cut to length.
- Drill 8 mm holes in overlap areas on each end and upper flange of new side outer reinforcement and clamp the new side outer reinforcement in place.

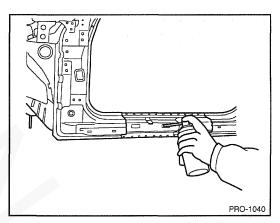


3. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld all seams.

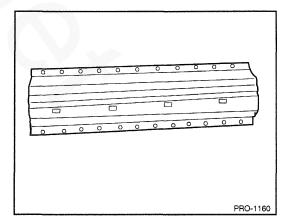
NOTE

The reinforcement will be stronger if the weld traces are not ground.

4. Before welding the side sill outer panel, apply the two part epoxy primer and anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts.

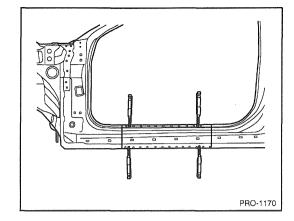


- 5. Transcribe the side sill outer panel cutline to the new side sill, adding 30 mm overlap to each end, cut and chamfer butt end to improve weld surface.
- 6. Drill 8 mm holes in overlap areas on each end and along upper and lower flanges of the new side sill outer panel for MIG plug welding.

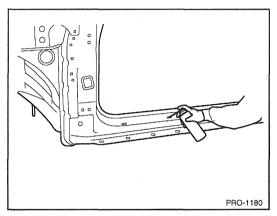


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Side sill (partial)

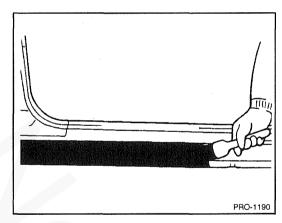
- 7. Fit and clamp the side sill in place.
- 8. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld seams.
- 9. Clean and prepare all welds, remove all residue.
- 10. Apply body filler to the side sill outer seams.
- 11. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the side sill.



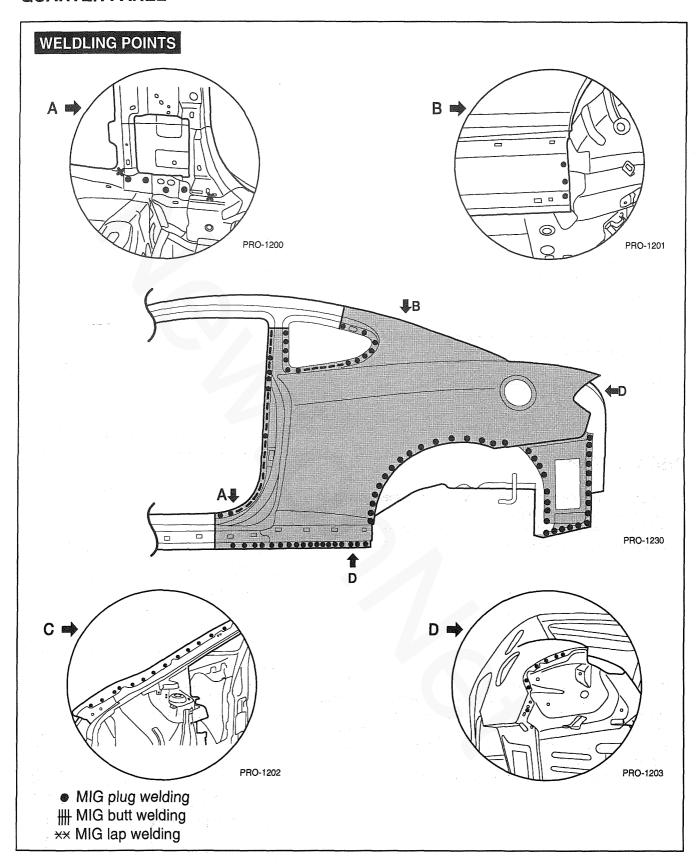
- 12. Apply an anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts and interior of the side sill (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 13. Prepare the exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 14. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 15. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 16. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



17. Apply the anti-corrosion primer to the side sill outer panel to complete the repair (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).

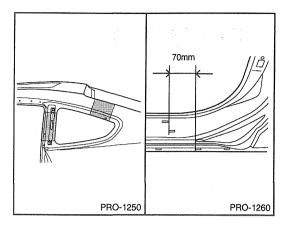


QUARTER PANEL



REMOVAL

1. Depending on the extent of damage, measure and mark cutlines on the quarter outer panel as illustration.

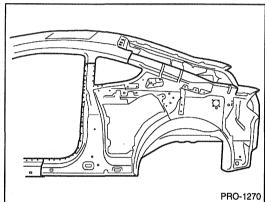


- 2. Drill out all attaching welds on the quarter outer panel, including the seam around the door lip opening.
- 3. Cut the quarter outer panel at cutlines and remove the quarter outer panel as illustration.

NOTE

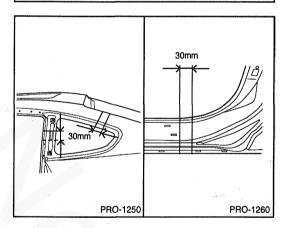
When cutting the quarter outer panel, be careful not to cut quarter inner panel.

4. Prepare all surfaces to be welded.

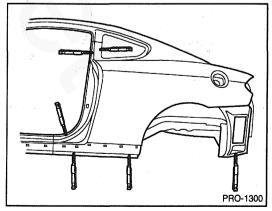


INSTALLATION

- 1. Transcribe the cutline to the new quarter outer panel, adding 30 mm for overlap at the old joint.
- 2. Drill 8 mm holes in overlap areas and along upper and lower flanges of the new quarter outer panel for MIG plug welding.

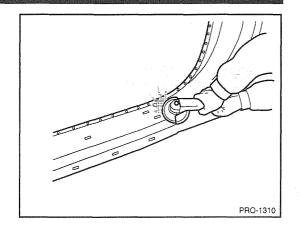


- 3. Fit and clamp the quarter outer panel in place.
- 4. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld seams. At the wheel well the edge must be crimped over the wheel housing. This joint may be welded after crimping or may be made by applying a bead of adhesive which may be applied to the joint before or after crimping.
- 5. Clean and prepare all welds, remove all residue.

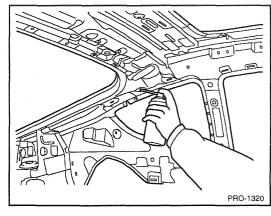


6. Apply body filler to the welded seam. Sand and finish.

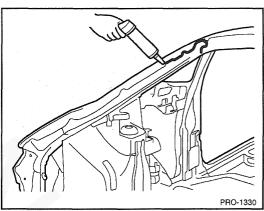
Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the quarter outer panel.



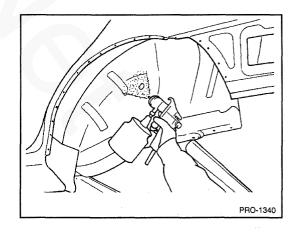
- 7. Apply an anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts and interior of the quarter outer panel (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 8. Prepare exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 9. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 10. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 11. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



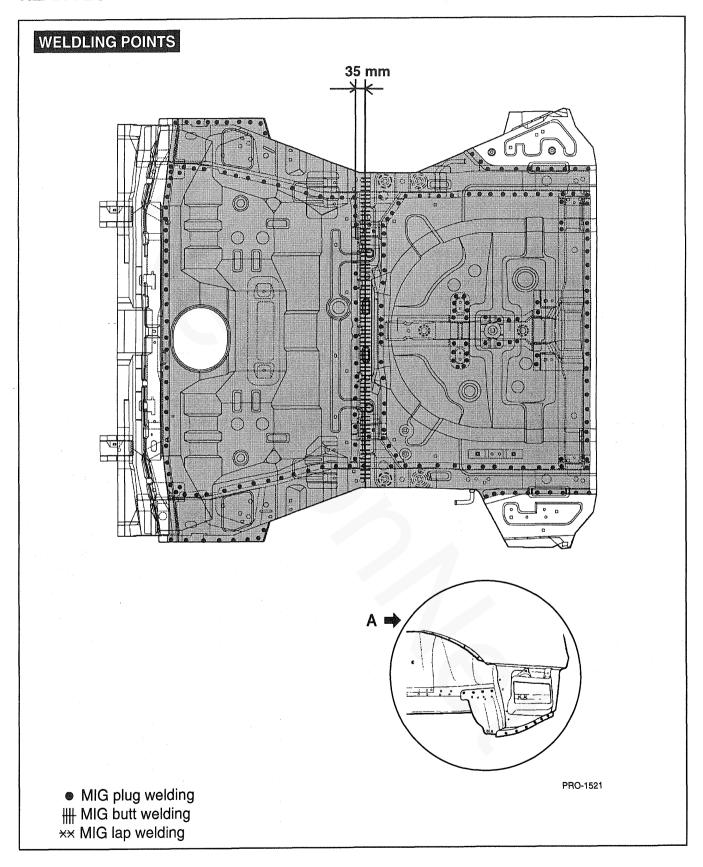
- 12. Apply the correct seam sealers to all joints.
- 13. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.



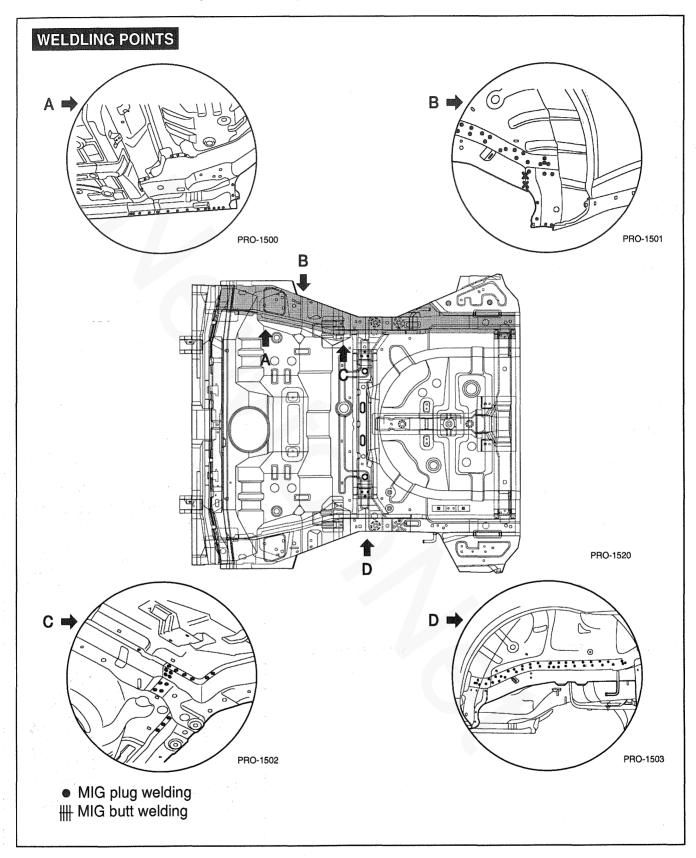
14. In order to improve corrosion resistance, if necessary, apply an under body anti-corrosion agent to the wheel well (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).



REAR FLOOR



REAR SIDE MEMBER (ASSEMBLY)



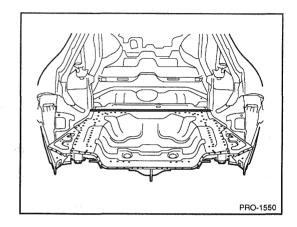
NOTE

Because the rear side members are desigened to absorb energy during a rear collision, care must be taken when deciding to use this repair method. This repair is recommended only for moderate damage to vehicle, where distortions do not extend forward of the trunk region. If the damage is more severe, then the entire side member assembly should be replaced at factory seams without employing this sectioning procedure.

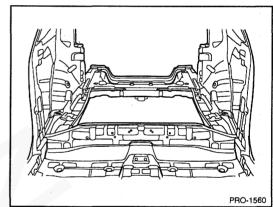
Refer to the body dimension chart and measure the vehicle to determine straigthening and alignment requirements. The body must be returned to its original dimension before beginning the repair procedure.

REMOVAL

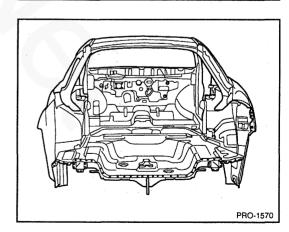
- 1. Drill out all the spotwelds attaching the rear floor panel to the wheel housings and rear side members.
- Make a rough cutting of the rear floor panel as shown in the figure.



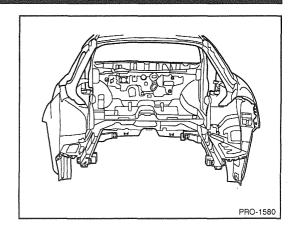
3. Remove the rear floor panel (front section).

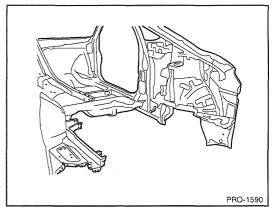


4. Remove the back panel by drilling out all attaching spotwelds.



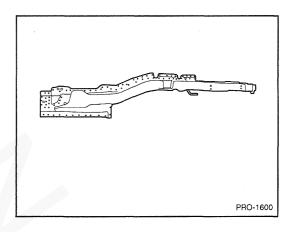
5. Remove the rear floor panel (rear section) and rear side member from the rear body.





INSTALLATION

 Transcribe the cutline to the new rear side members. Drill out the spotwelds attaching the inner reinforcements.
 Remove remaining portions of side members.

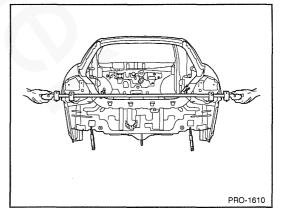


2. Temporarily fit and clamp the rear side members in place.

NOTE

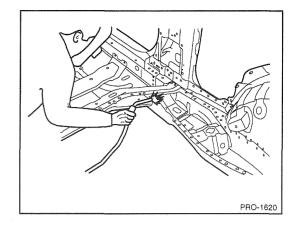
When installing the rear floor side member, temporarily install the back panel to measure each measurement point.

- 3. Measure each measurement point (Refer to BODY DIMEN-SIONS) and correct the installation position.
- 4. If necessary, make temporarily welds, and then check to confirm that the fit of rear floor panel is correct.

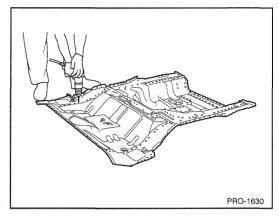


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Rear floor and rear side member (assembly)

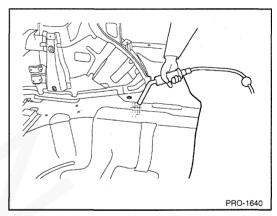
- 5. MIG plug weld the rear side members and MIG butt weld seams.
- 6. Prepare the welds and surfaces to which the rear floor will attach.
- 7. Transcribe the cutline to the new rear floor panel, adding 30mm for overlap at the old joint.



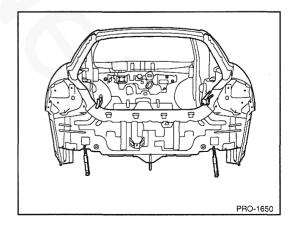
- 8. Drill 8mm holes in overlap area and production locations of the new rear floor panel for MIG plug welding.
- 9. Fit and clamp the rear floor panel and attach the rear floor panel to the rear side members and other panels.



- 10. MIG plug weld all holes and MIG butt weld the seams.
- 11. Clean all welded surfaces.
- 12. Drill 8 mm holes on the flange attaching the back panel to the rear floor and side member ends.

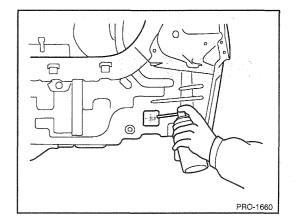


- 13. Fit and clamp the back panel in place.
- 14. MIG plug weld the back panel.
- 15. Clean and prepare all welds, remove all residue.
- 16. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the rear side members.

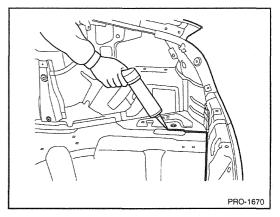


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Rear floor and rear side member (assembly)

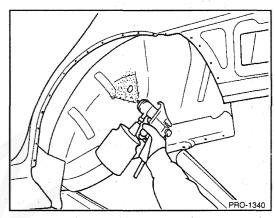
- 17. Apply an anti-corrosion to the interior of the rear side members (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 18. Prepare exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 19. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 20. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



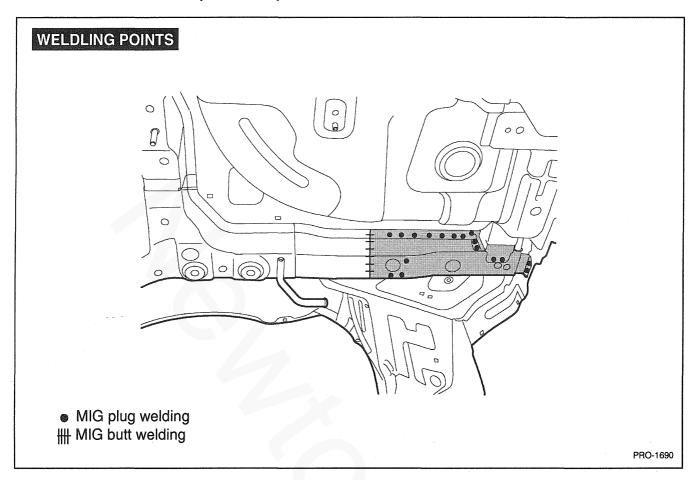
- 21. Apply the correct seam sealer to all joints (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATIONS).
- 22. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.



- 23. After completing body repairs, carefully apply under coating to the under body (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 24. In order to improve corrosion resistance, if necessary, apply an under body anti-corrosion agent to the panel which is repaired or replaced (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).



REAR SIDE MEMBER (PARTIAL)



REMOVAL

NOTE

Because the rear side members are designed to absorb energy during a rear collision, care must be used when deciding to use this repair method. This repair is recommended only for moderate damage to the vehicle, where distortions do not extend forward of the trunk region. If the damage is more severe, then the entire side member assembly should be replaced at the factory seams without employing this sectioning procedure.

The following procedure applys when only one rear side member needs to be replaced. If both side members are damaged and need to be replaced, then the procedure of Rear Side members And Rear Floor Section should be followed.

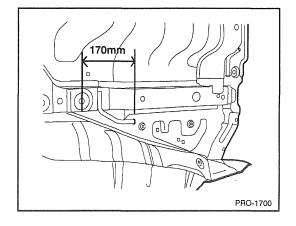
Refer to the body dimension charts and measure the vehicle to determine straightening and alignment requirements. The body must be returned to its original dimensions before beginning the repair procedure.

BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Rear side member (Partial)

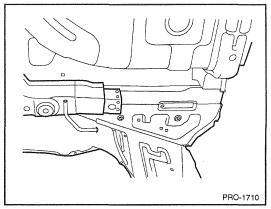
1. Depending on the extent of damage, if the right side member is to be replaced it should be measured and marked 210mm from the tooling hole center of the rear floor center crossmember.

NOTE

The flowing procedure illustrates a repair for the right rear side member. The procedure may also be applied the left rear side member.

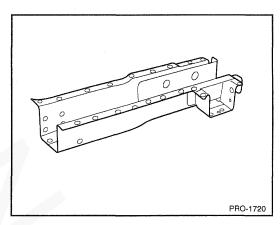


- 2. Cut through rear side member at cutline being careful not to cut rear side member reinforcement.
- 3. Remove the rear floor side member by drilling out all attaching spotwelds.
- 4. Prepare all surfaces to be welded.

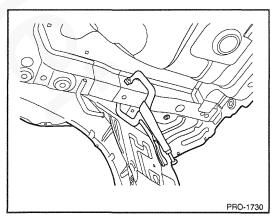


INSTALLATION

1. Transcribe the cutline to the new rear side member. Cut at line and drill out the spotwelds attaching the inner reinforcement and separate it.

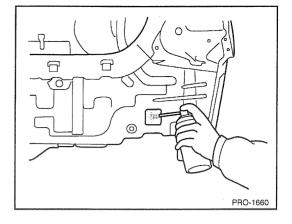


- 2. Fit and clamp the new rear side member in place for welding. Measure to ensure dimensions are accurate as given in the body dimension charts.
- 3. MIG plug weld at the holes and MIG butt weld the seam in the side member.
- 4. Clean and prepare all surfaces to be welded and remove all residue
- 5. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the rear side member.

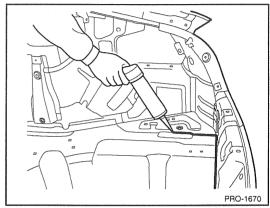


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Rear side member (Partial)

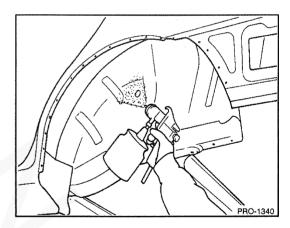
- 6. Apply an anti-corrosion to the interior of the rear side member (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 7. Prepare exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 8. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 9. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 10. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.



- 11. Apply the correct seam sealer to all joints (Refer to the BODY SEALING LOCATIONS).
- 12. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.

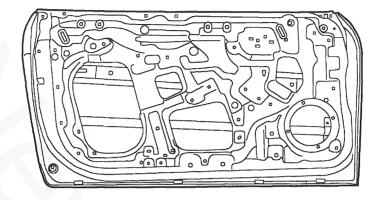


- 13. After completing body repairs, carefully apply under coating to the under body (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).
- 14. In order to improve corrosion resistance, if necessary, apply an under body anti-corrosion agent to the panel which is repaired or replaced (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION).

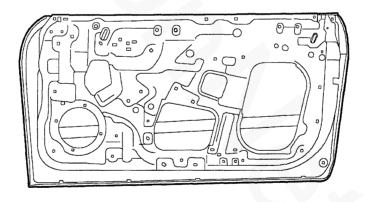


DOOR

WELDLING POINTS



PRO-1800

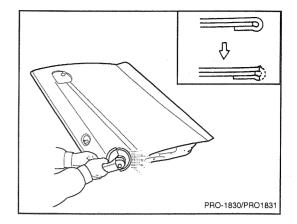


CON-0751

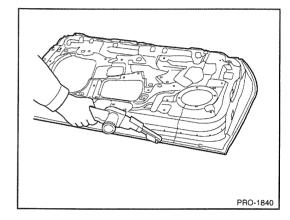
※ MIG lap welding

REMOVAL

- 1. Cut door outer panel hem with a sander.
- 2. After grinding off the hemming location, remove the outer panel.

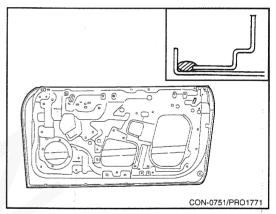


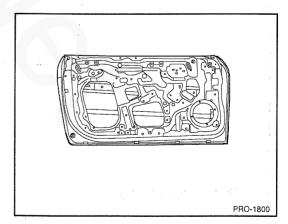
3. Dress rusty part with a sander and prepare surface to be hemmed.



INSTALLATION

- 1. Apply adhesive or equivalent to outer panel hem.
- 2. Apply mastic sealer or equivalent to the door upper member and door reinforcement beam as shown in the figure.

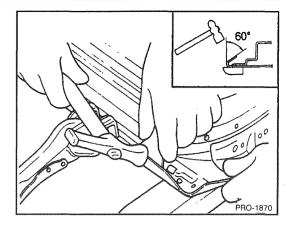


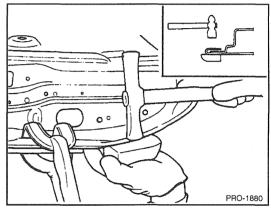


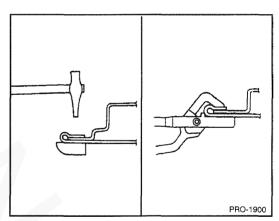
3. Bend the flange hem with a hammer and dolly, then fasten tightly with a hemming tool.

NOTE

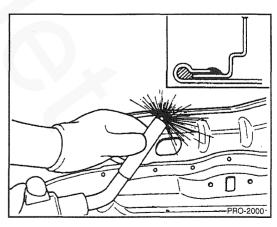
- 1. Hemming work should be done in three steps as illustration.
- 2. If a hemming tool cannot be used, hem with a hammer and dolly.





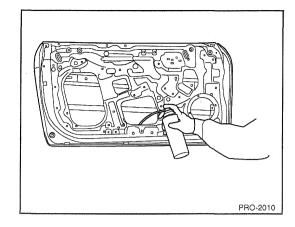


- 4. After completing the hemming work, make MIG spot welds at 50 mm intervals on the inside.
- 5. Clean and prepare all welds, remove all residue.
- 6. Apply the two-part epoxy primer to the interior of the door panel.

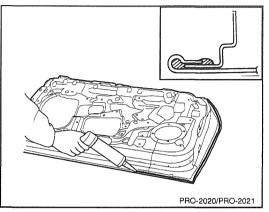


BODY PANEL REPAIR PROCEDURE - Door

- 7. Apply an anti-corrosion agent to the welded parts and lower inside of the door panel (Refer to the CORROSION PROTECTION)
- 8. Prepare exterior surfaces for priming, using wax and grease remover.
- 9. Apply metal conditioner and water rinse.
- 10. Apply conversion coating and water rinse.
- 11. Apply the two-part epoxy primer.

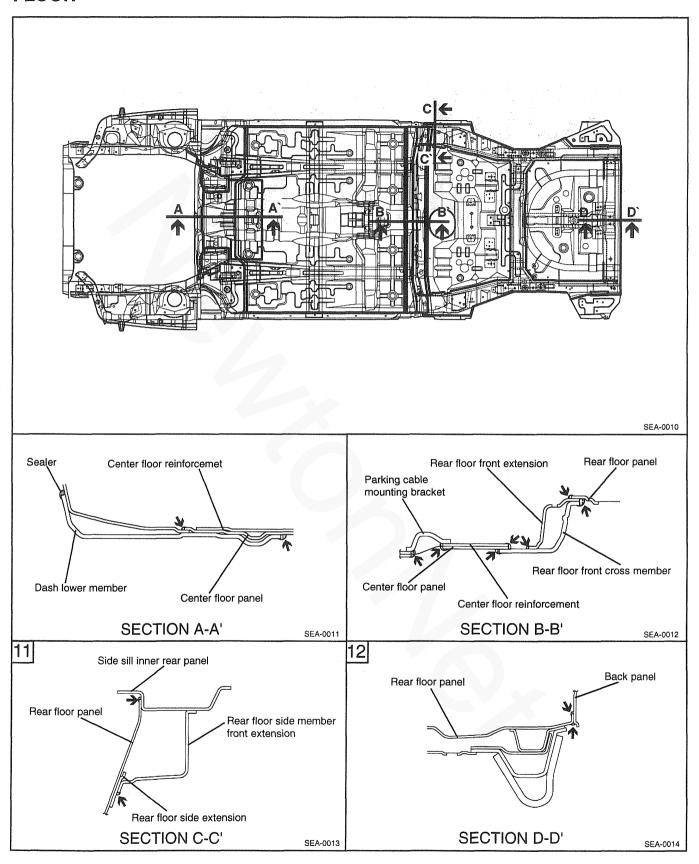


- 12. Apply the correct seam sealer to whole panel edge.
- 13. Reprime over the seam sealer to complete the repair.

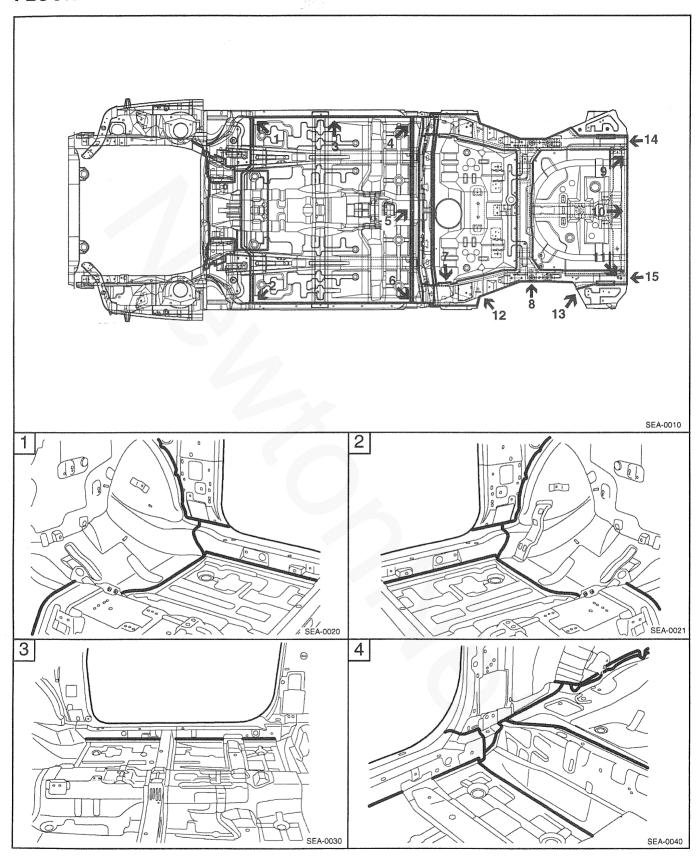


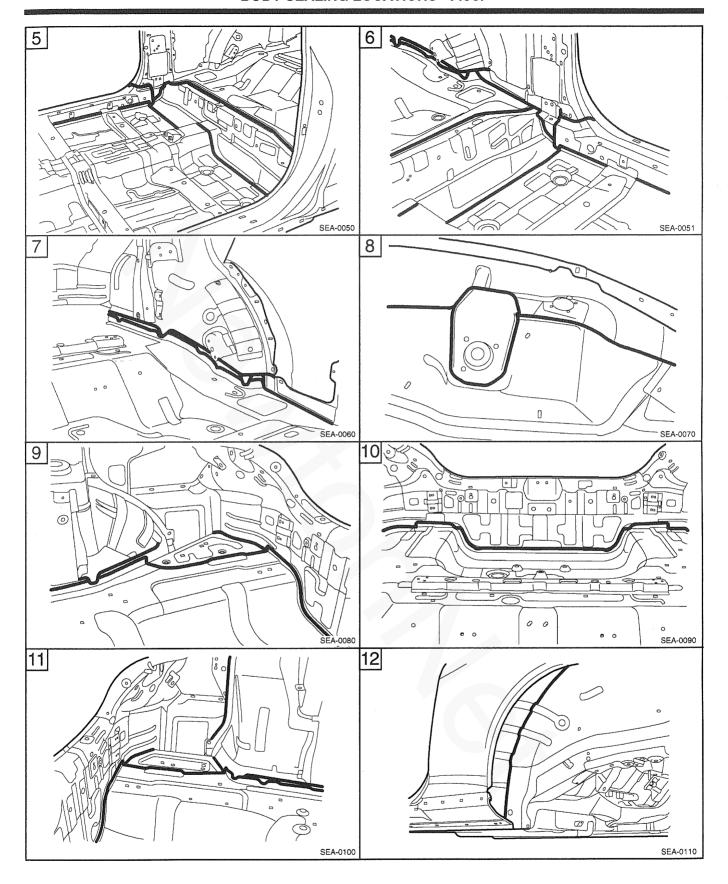
BODY SEALING LOCATIONS

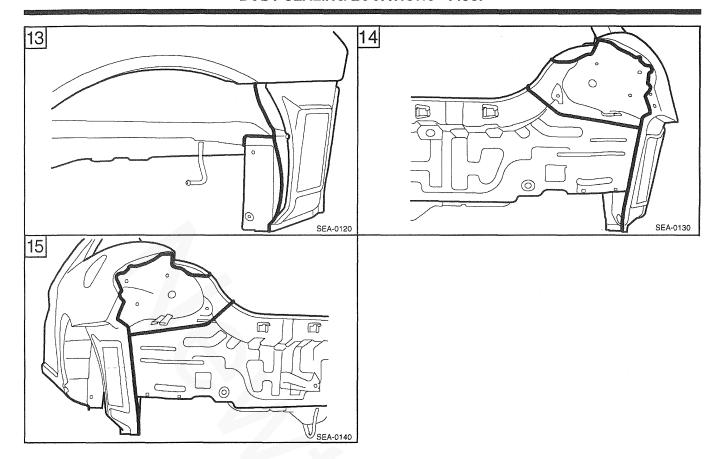
FLOOR



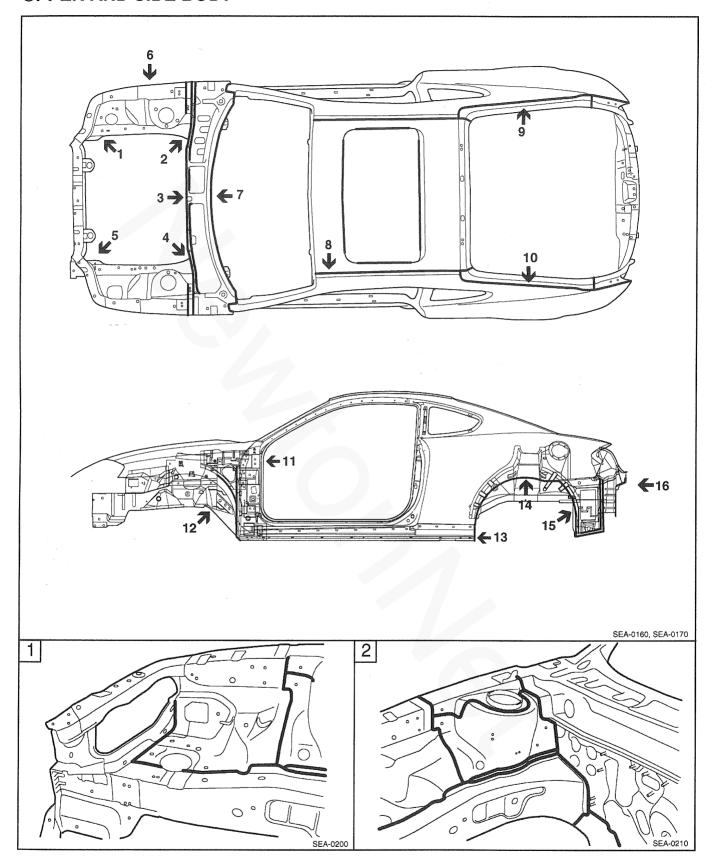
FLOOR

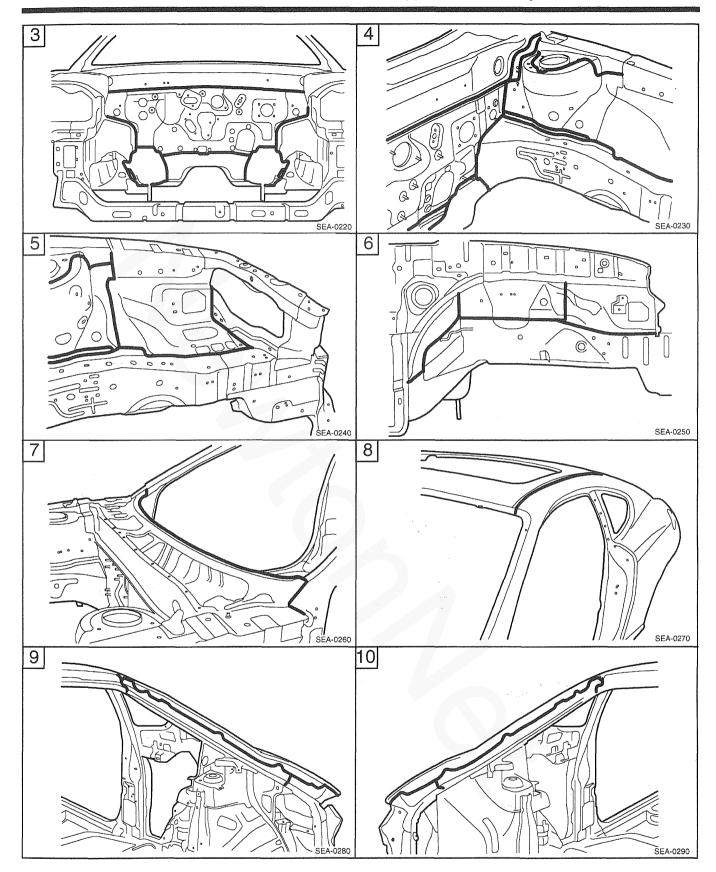


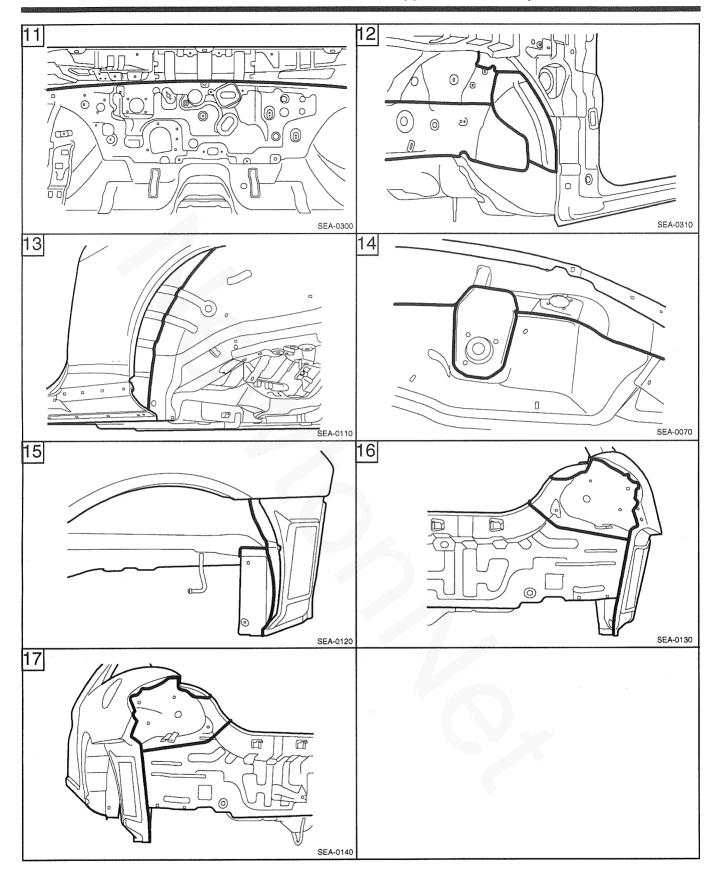




UPPER AND SIDE BODY



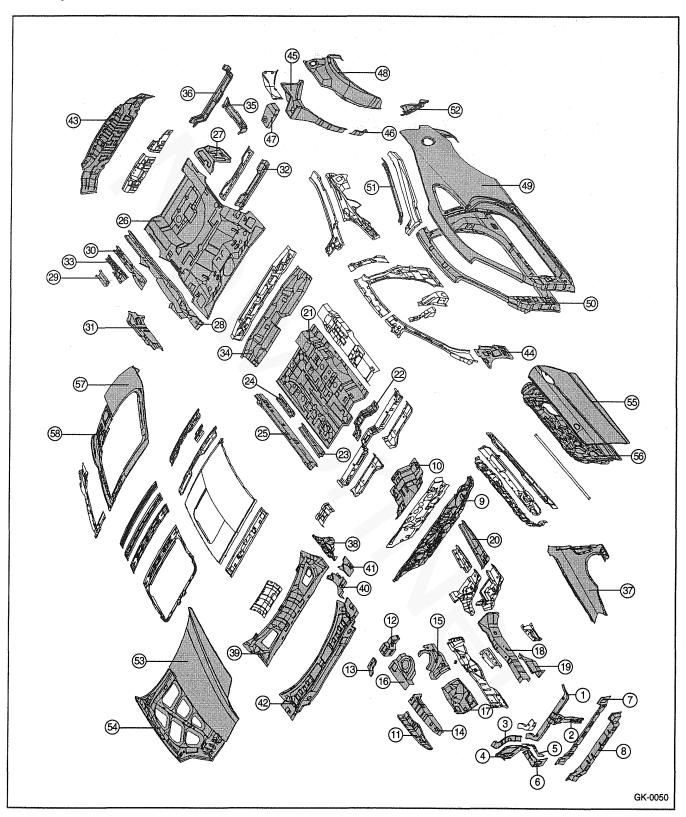




CORROSION PROTECTION

ZINC - GALVANIZED STEEL PANELS

Because galvanized steel panel has excellent resistance, it is used in areas which have a high possibility of painting deficiency below.



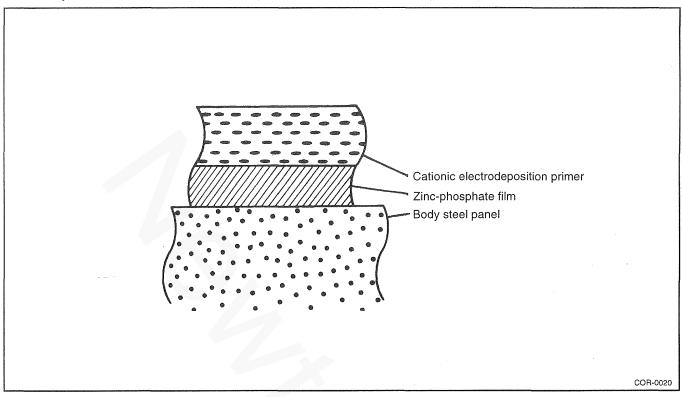
CORROSION PROTECTION - Zinc-galvanized steel panels

- 1. Radiator support upper center member
- 2. Radiator support center member
- 3. Radiator support upper side member
- 4. Head lamp support panel
- 5. Head lamp support gusset
- 6. Front shipping hook bracket
- 7. Radiator support lower inner member
- 8. Radiator support lower outer member
- 9. Dash panel
- 10. Dash lower member
- 11. Fender apron upper outer panel
- 12. Fender apron inner rear upper extension
- 13. Fender apron inner rear lower extension
- 14. Fender apron upper inner panel
- 15. Front shock absorber housing panel
- 16. Front shock absorber housing upper panel
- 17. Fender apron inner front panel
- 18. Front side inner member
- 19. Front side member inner gusset
- 20. Front side member rear lower extension
- 21. Center floor panel
- 22. Muffler hanger mounting bracket
- 23. Center floor side member
- 24. Center floor side member reinforcement
- 25. Side sill inner panel
- 26. Rear floor panel
- 27. Rear floor side panel
- 28. Rear floor side member
- 29. Rear bumper mounting reinforcement

- 30. Rear floor side member center reinforcement
- 31. Side sill inner rear panel
- 32. Rear floor center cross member
- 33. Rear floor side member front reinforcement
- 34. Rear floor front cross member
- 35. Jack up cross center member
- 36. Jack up cross rear member
- 37. Fender panel
- 38. Cowl side upper panel
- 39. Cowl inner lower panel
- 40. Cowl side upper inner panel
- 41. Hood hinge mounting reinforcement
- 42. Cowl top outer panel
- 43. Back panel
- 44. Front inner lower pillar
- 45. Wheel housing inner panel
- 46. Wheel housing inner front extension
- 47. Rear spring housing cover
- 48. Quarter inner panel
- 49. Side outer panel
- 50. Side outer reinforcement
- 51. Side outer rear upper extension
- 52. Rear combination lamp housing panel
- 53. Hood outer panel
- 54. Hood inner rail
- 55. Door outer panel
- 56. Door inner panel
- 57. Tail gate outer panel
- 58. Tail gate inner panel

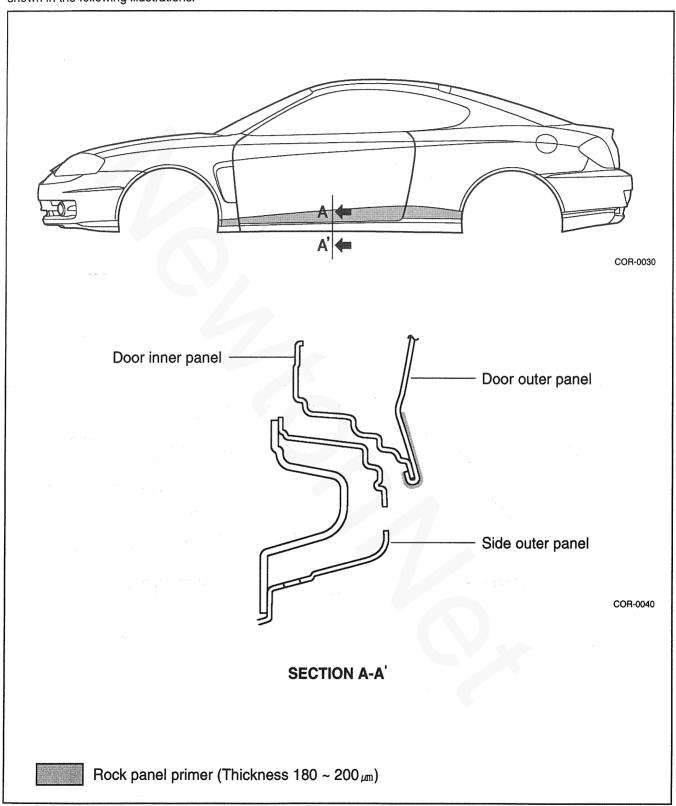
ZINC-PHOSPHATE COAT & CATIONIC ELECTRODEPOSITION PRIMER

In order to improve the adhesion of the paint coat on the steel panel, and also to improve the corrosion resistance, the entire body is coated with a film of Zinc-phosphate and a cationic electrodeposition primer.

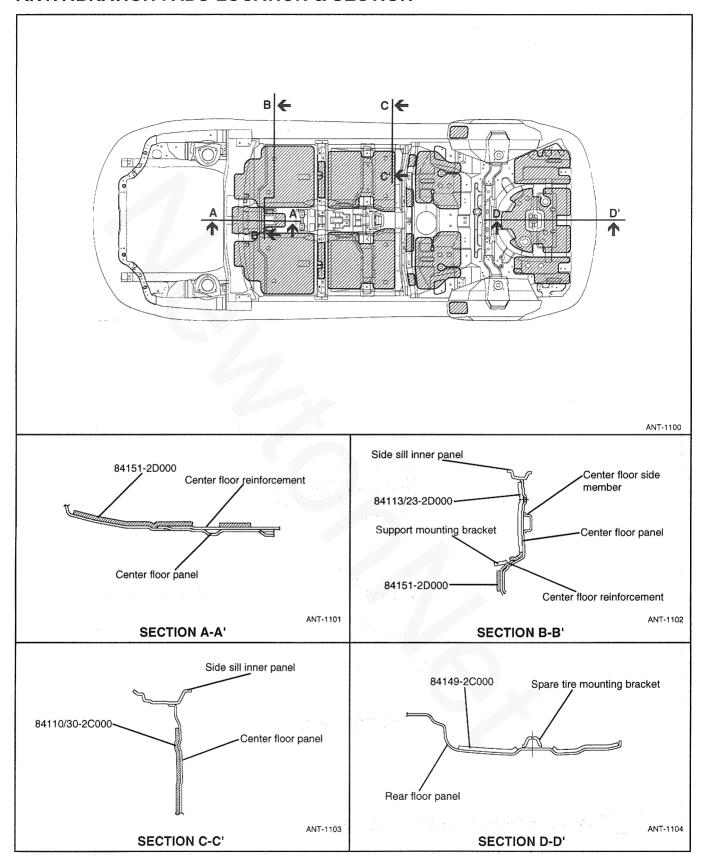


ANTI - CORROSION PRIMER

An anti-corrosion primer has been applied to the side sill outer panel for the purposes of corrosion prevention and abrasion protection. If this panel is replaced, apply an anti-corrosion primer between the undercoat and the intermediate coat, as shown in the following illustrations.

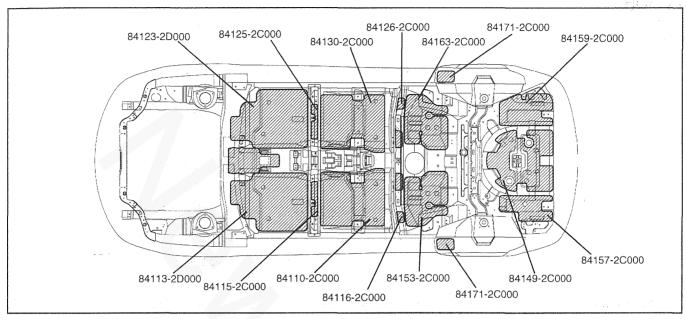


ANTIVIBRATION PADS-LOCATION & SECTION



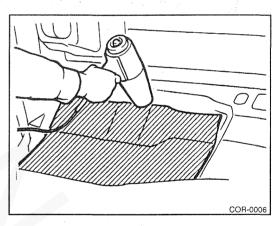
ATTACHMENT OF ANTIVIBRATION PADS

Antivibration pads are attached to the upper surface of the floor and at the interior side of the dash panel in order to absorb vibrations and shut out exhaust gas heat. If these antivibration pads are peeled off in the course of replacement or repair of a welded panel, cut and attach replacement material (in the shape shown in the figure). For detailed information concerning the location where antivibration pads are to be attached for individual models, refer to the figure below.



ANT-1100

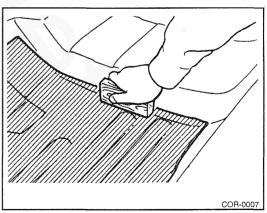
1. Heat the "antivibration pad" with a blow drier to soften it.



2. Align the antivibration pad layer in the position where it is to be installed, and then press it down with a roller or a block of wood so that it adheres well.

NOTE

An infrared lamp can also be used to heat both the antivibration pad layer and the body panels (be sure to wear gloves).

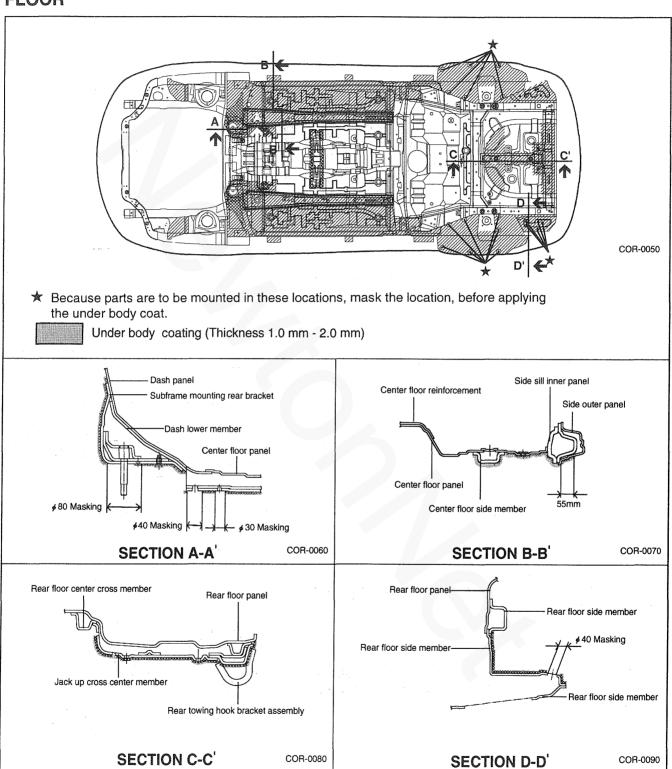


UNDER BODY COAT

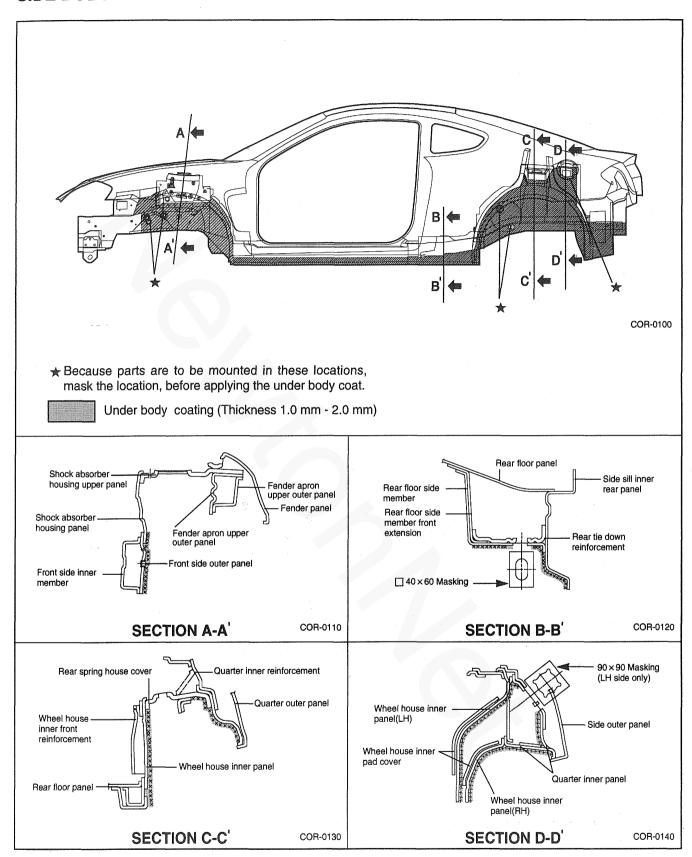
In order to provide corrosion, stone chipping and vibration resistance, under body coat is applied to the under sides of the floor and wheel house.

Therefore, when such panel is replaced or repaired, apply under body coat to that part.

FLOOR

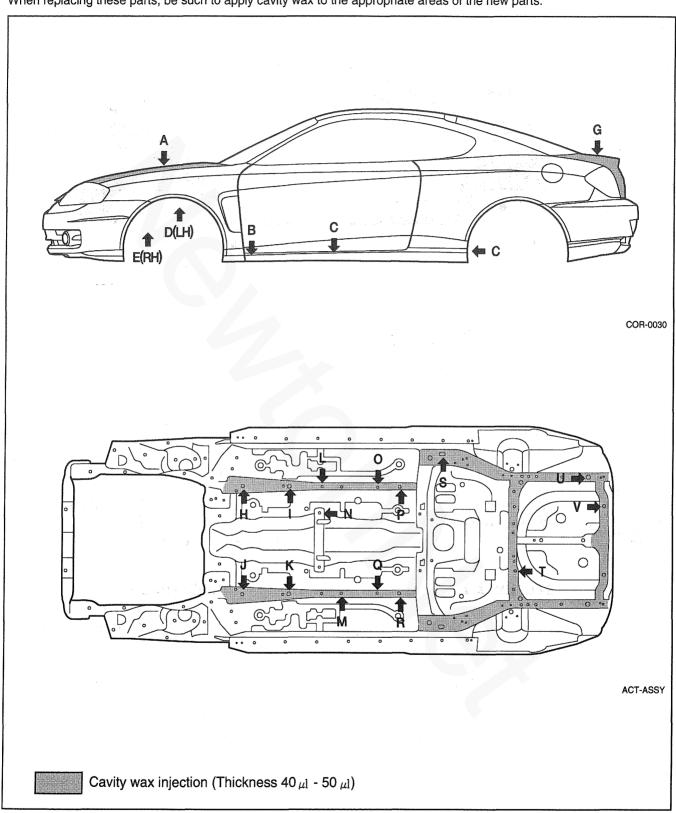


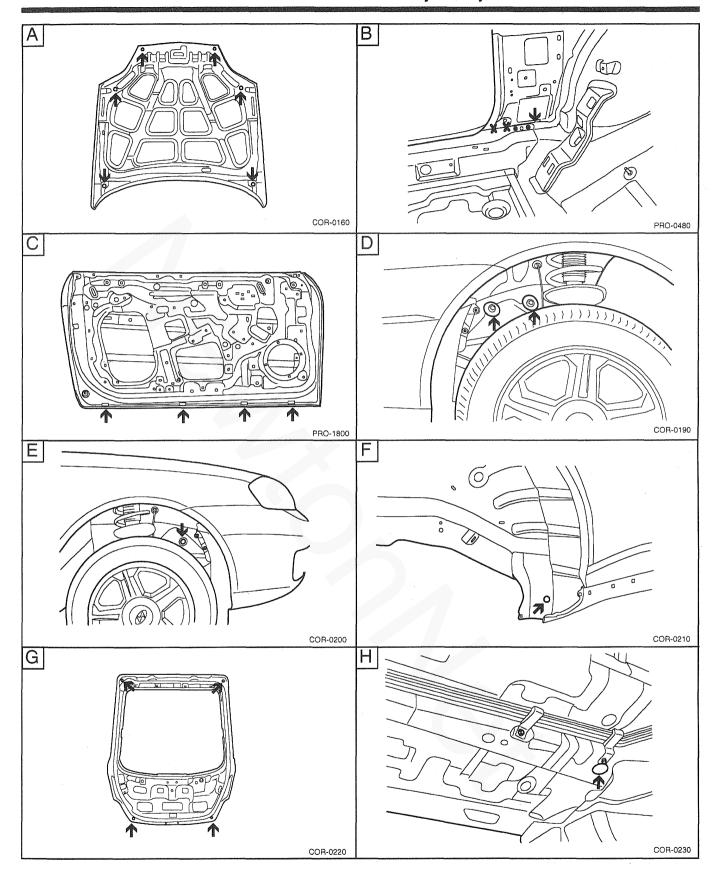
SIDE BODY

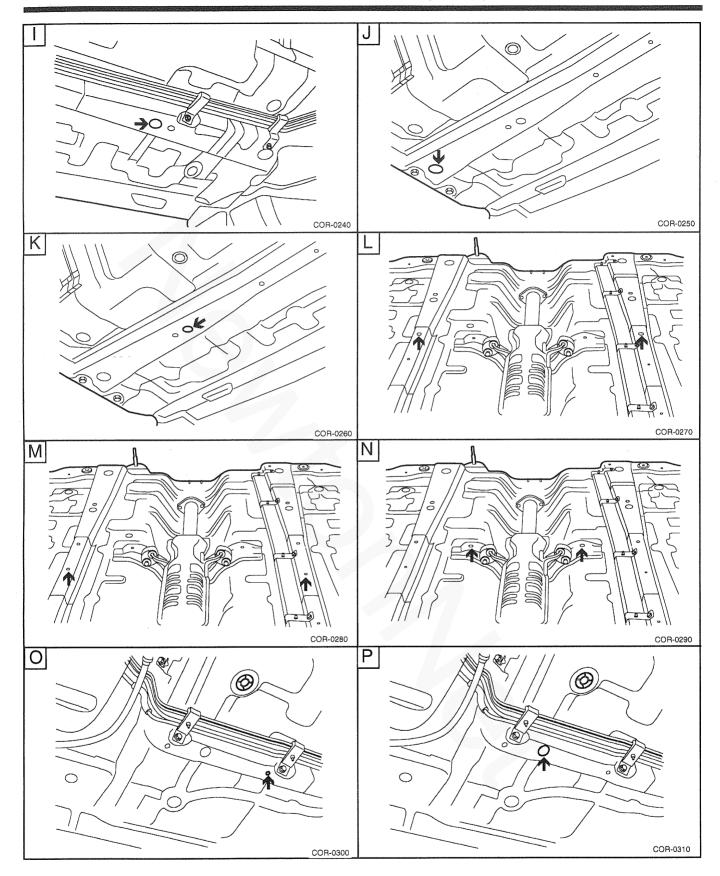


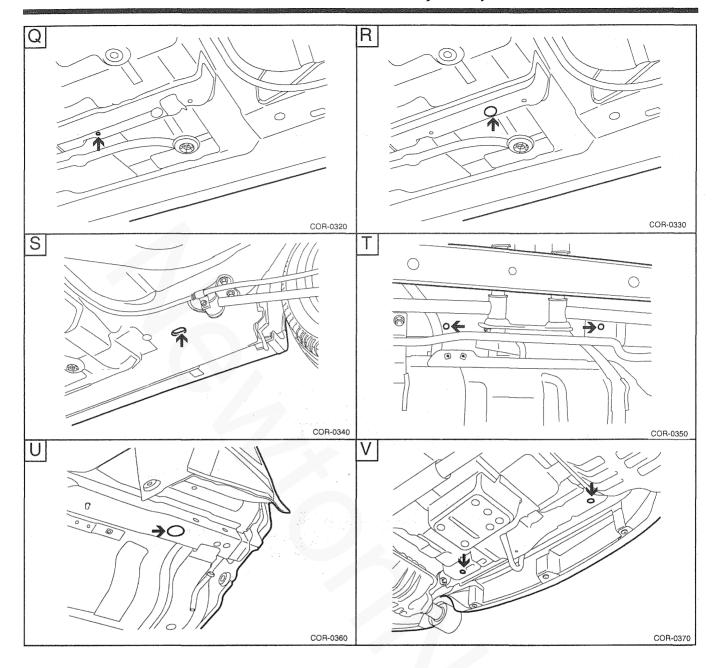
CAVITY WAX INJECTION

In order to provide greater corrosion resistance, cavity wax injection has been performed for the lower areas of the vehicle, such as the sidemember, the side sill and the inside of other panels which are a hollow construction. When replacing these parts, be such to apply cavity wax to the appropriate areas of the new parts.









UNDER BODY ANTI-CORROSION AGENT

The undersides of the floor and wheel house are undercoated to provide greater corrosion resistance. Therefore, when such panel is replaced or repaired, apply under body anti-corrosion agent to that part.

NOTE

Do not apply the under body anti-corrosion agent to come in contact with tires, muffler and exhaust pipe.

